Saleh: Army should avoid politics

SANAA (R) — Yemeni President Ali Abdullah Saleh warned the armed forces of his newly united country Sunday to stay out of politics following reports that former rebels were gaining influence in the ranks. "The leadership will never forgive any activity in the armed forces and security sensermany was never torgive any activity in the arment interest and activity that propagates party work or infringes upon unity," Radio Saleh, formerly leader of North Yenen until the two Yenens merged last mouth, ordered a freeze on army recruitment and promotions on Thursday. Political analysis freeze on army recruitment and promotions on Thursday. Positical analysis in Sama said he acted after the promotion to colonel of many insurgents who had faught his government from bases in South Yemen before the merger. They said the former rebels of the Nationalist Front planned to form a political party under the new Yemeni constitution. "Hundreds of Nationalist Front members are already scolor officers in the army and the security apparatus in the south, and many of them have recently been promoted," one source said.

Volume 15 Number 4413

AMMAN MONDAY, JUNE 11, DHUL QAIDEH 17, 1410

Price: Jordan 106 fils; Sandi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams

Egypt mediating U.S.-Libya rift

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LONDON (R) — A senior Egyptian official was quoted Sunday as saying Egypt was trying to narrow the rift between Libya and the United States. "Egyptin diplomacy is working... on explaining the Libyan position to the U.S. administration... and to facilitate contact between the two sides," Boutros Ghali, minister of state for foreign affairs, told the London-based Al Sharq Al Awsat. "We hope we can bring their (U.S. and Libva) points of view closer and improve relations between them," Ghali added.

iraq extends amnesty for Kurds

BAGHDAD (R) -- Iraq Sunday decided to extend its threemonth-old amnesty for Kurdish exiles one more month in what it called a last chance for the Kurds. Baghdad Radio reported the decision by the Revolutionary Command Council and the Iraqi News Agency said without elaborating that it would be the last chance for exiles to return home.

Cairo court sentences 2 to death for drugs

CAIRO (R) - An Egyptian court Sunday sentenced a Lebanese and an Egyptian to death for smuggling 250 grammes of heroin into the country. Lebanese Yehia Mohammad Shabani, 40, and Gaber Hassan, 34, a waiter, were also fined 500,000 pounds (\$187,000). Another court sentenced 12 people to death last month for a similar offence, bringing the number of traffickers on death

Syrian parliament meets today

DAMASCUS (R) — Syria's newly-elected parliament will hold its first session Monday to choose a speaker, officials said Sunday. All 166 candidates of the National Progressive Front, ne mit which groups the rating Baath M IN CE and five other-parties, won elecbly liza: tion to the 250-seat parliament OX DE last month. Independents inhe im is creased their representation to 84 Web seats from 33 in the previous house whose term ended in On 125 March. Prime Minister Mahmoud DOM: Zou'bi, former Parliamentary Speaker Abdel Qader Qaddoura and Damascus Governor Mohammad Amin Abdulshamat, all Baathisis, won seats in the new parliament.

Hrawl returns home

BEIRUT (R) - Lebanese President Elias Hrawi returned to Beirut Sunday after a North African tour in which he sought support for his government. Hrawi visited Egypt, Libya and Tunisia in search of military and financial support to strengthen his army and extend his government's con-trol outside Syrian-held west Beirgt. Sources in the president's delegation and Saturday Hrawi arms during his tour.

British MPs may visit fran

LONDON (R) — Four British lawmakers are planning to visit Iran to try to improve relations between London and Tehran, a Sunday newspaper reported. The visit, details of which are not final, has the blessing of the Ages British government, the Sunday Times said. The Sunday Times said the delegation would be made up of the same four members of parliament who went to Tehran in 1988 on a visit sponsored by Archbishop of Canterbury Robert Runcie.

Civic forum seeks consensus

PRAGUE (R) - The Civil Forum movement looked set Sunday to dominate Czechoslovak politics for at least the next two years but said it preferred to continue tackling the country's problems by consensus. "We think that the future government will be a coalition," was forum leader Jan Urban's reaction to projections of a sweeping election victory that would give the forum up to 170 of the 300 scats m parliament.

CELEBRATIONS: His Majesty King Hossein, His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, Prime ment on the occasion of Ar Minister Mudar Badran and other senior officials Revolt Day (see page 3).

ment on the occasion of Army Day and Great Arab

King sees threat of rising extremism with new Israeli coalition

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan is history because it is confronting serious threats as it struggles to fend off dangers posed to the whole Arab Nation, His Majesty King Hussein said Sunday.

French journalists from Agence

its national responsibilities over. the past years, defending itself protection for the Arab Order as can no more stand alone in the

face of the looming dangers." The formation of the new hardline government led by the Likud Party in Israel is bound to lead the whole Middle East region into further extremism and further difficult developments, the King said.

Oman

reports

Iran-Iraq

NICOSIA (R) - Iran and Iraq

are holding consultations about a proposed peace summit, Ogsan's midder of state a

Oman's minister of state for foreign affairs said Sunday.

"The summit and prepara-tions for holding it are still

under consultations between

the two parties," Yousef Ben

Abswi Abdullah was quoted as

saying by the Omani News

Agency.

Abduliah said Oman actively

supported a proposal by Iraqi President Saddam Hussein for

a meeting with Iranian President Ali Akhar Hashemi Raf-

sanjani. Hussein sent two letters to

Rafsanjani last mopth. The

Iranian president said last

Wednesday that experts from the two countries should hold

talics to ensure a successful

realise this meeting," said Bea Alawi, who visited Tehran last

month for talks with Iranian

the six-member Gulf Coopera-

tion Council (GCC), whose

Iraq in the 1980-88 war with

Iran. United Nations-

sponsored talks to turn the

August 1988 ceasefire into A

permanent peace settlement are deadlocked over border

Iran and Iraq dispute own-exchip of the Shatt Al Arab

border waterway. Both sides

still hold tens of thousands of

Ben Alawi was speaking be-

fore flying to Bahrain for a meeting later Sunday of a spe-

cial GCC passel to study inter-national charges and their im-

pact on the oil-rich region.

and other differences.

Oman is current chairman of

nbers generally supported

leaders.

"We will spare no effort to

contacts

Addressing a meeting with France Presse (AFP), the King "Jordan has been shouldering

a whole, but now the Kingdom

the most dangerous stages of its osals submitted by U.S. Secretary of State James Baker and had persistently showed intransigence and refusal to any step that could have led to the start of serious efforts for a lasting and just settlement in the region.

Further hardened positions are expected in Israel now with the formation of the new government, which consists of the most extremist elements, the King

"Indeed, Israel has used its differences with the United States to divert world attention from the idea of holding an international conference that could have led to peace," the King told the group of AFP correspondents, who have just ended a regional conference in Amman.

Referring to Soviet Jewish immigration to Palestine, the King initiatives.

He said Israel had dealt a said the Soviet Union was facilicurrently passing through one of devastating blow to peace prop- tating the immigration process by refraining from issuing emigres visas that would allow them to return to the Soviet Union if they so desired in the future.

"Is there any respect for human rights in forcing citizens to move from one particular place to another specified destination?" the King asked.

The King warned of grave consequences of terminating the current dialogue between Washington and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). Ending the dialogue, he said, is a step fraught with danger and a move with no justification.

The PLO, the King added, has done all it could to reach peace and has received nothing in return for its recognition of Israel, for its renunciation of terrorism and for its acceptance of all peace

Shamir secures party's support

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Caretaker Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir won overwhelming support from his Likud party Sunday for a narrow right-wing

He will seek a confidence vote in Israel's 120-seat Knesset (parhament) Monday for his coalition with far-right and religious parties, based on a 62-58 majority.

One disgruntled Likud parliamentarian, Avraham Shamir, abstained in the open vote for the condition, which received almost manimous backing.

Shamir, who defected to the Labour Party and then agreed to return to Likud, said he had been promised a cabinet post. He is one of three Likud members of parliament who have not guaranteed that they will vote for the new government Monday.

Deri under probe

Police opened an investigation Sun-day into Interior Minister Arych Deri on suspicion of involvement in illegal channelling of funds to religious institutions to reward political supporters, a spokesman said.

The announcement came several

hours before Shamir secured approval from his 18-member cabi which Deri is slated to again be named interior minister.

The 30-year-old Deri, who is a rabbi, belongs to a key religious faction in Shamir's coalition known as "Shas," an acronym meaning Torah Gnardians. He played a significant role in toppling Shamir's last coalition in March when Shas abstained in a partiamentary vote of no confidence A police communique said Deri would be investigated on suspicion of involvement in "fraud and breach of confidence, in what is linked to allocations of money from the interior

ministry budget to all kinds of reli-gious institutions." Deri's spokesman Zvi Yascobson was not immediately available for comment when telephoned at his

followed consultations among com-

The decision to launch the probe-

general Yosef Harish and state pro-secutor Don't Beinisch, the communi-

The Itim news agency said police commissioner Yaacov Turner had notified Shamir of the plans Friday. Israeli reports said last week that police were considering the probe following a story June 1 in the Yediot Ahronot daily, carrying claims of Den's alleged illegal financial deal-

The newspaper quoted low-level officials as claiming Deri had a hand in funnelling hundreds of thousands of shekels to public councils and

It was the first time in a decade that

police were investigating a cabinet minister. In August 1980, Aharon Abuhatsira, now a Likud legislator, was forced to resign as welfare minister on charges of fraud and stealing charity funds while while he was mayor of Ramle. Abuhatsira, the first cabinet minister ever convicted of a crime, was fined \$175 and was given a

The Moroccan-born Deri is Israel's youngest cabinet minister and one of the country's most prominent politicians of the largely disadva Sephardic community, Jews of Mid-dle Eastern and North African des-

No TV picase

Israel's new communications minister neither owns a television set nor watches TV, but he says this will not affect his job of overseeing cable channels and other broadcasting, a newspaper reported Sunday. Rafael Pinchasi of the Torah Guar-

diant faction is expected to be named by Shamir when he presents his Pinchasi told the Hadashot daily he had no thoughts about what he would mications minister since he only learned of the appointment

abbath Friday evening.

just before the start of the Jewish "Since you cannot think about work on the subbath but can only rest and think about the Creator's work, I

fat to condemn the attempted gnerrilla attack. Washington began talks with had no time to think," Pinchasi said. | the PLO in 1988 after Arafat met

Jordan praises position

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Sunday voiced Jordan's appreciation of China's continued backing for Arab causes, particularly the Palestinian cause, and praised China's relations with Jordan.

Speaking at a meeting with Chinese Minister of Defence Oin Jiwei and an accompanying delegation, the King reviewed developments in the Middle East and the absence of just peace in the region as a result of Israel's expansionist policies.

Qin presented his good wishes to the King on the occasion of the anniversary of Army Day and Great Arab Revolt Day and said he was impressed by the performance of the Armed Forces of Jordan and the great achievements in Jordan under the leadership of King Hussein.

Qin paid tribute to the King's positive stands vis-a-vis various world issues, including the Palestine issue.

He conveyed to King Hussein an invitation from the Chinese president and leadership to visit China. King Hussein accepted the invitation and promised to visit China as soon as it is possible.

Attending the audience were His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, Prime Minister Mudar Badran, Royal Court Chief Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker. the King's Political Advisor Adnan Abu Odeh, Chief of Staff Fathi Abu Taleb and China's ambassador to Jordan.

Later Sunday, the Chinese minister met with the Palestinian ambassador to Jorodan, Al Tayeb Abdul Rahim, who delivered to him a message from PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat on the latest developments in the Middle East and the outcome the Arab summit held in Baghdad last month

The message also dealt with American "pressure on the PLO leadership and threats to its dialogue with the organisation."

The Chinese minister reaffirmed his country's firm support for the Palestinian leadership.

Abdul Rahim also informed the Chinese minister of the PLO's plans to call for a meeting of the U.N. General Assembly to endorse a resolution calling for the dispatch of a fact-finding mission to the occupied territories. A similar resolution was vetoed by the U.S. at Security Council late last month.

Qin, in a reply message to Arafat handed over to the ambassador, pledged China's total support for whatever measure the Palestinian leadership adopts to face the pressures and threats against the PLO and the Palestinian people.

members of the 15-member Security Council, voted in favour of last month's resolution.



accompanying him (Petra photo)

Israelis beat 68-year-old blind Gazan to death

Strip (Agencies) — Israeli sol- Reuters. He died before an army diers beat a blind 68-year-old medic arrived, the boy said. Palestinian to death when he tried to prevent them from hitting his nine-year-old grandson, his

family said Sunday.

The army denied the family's account, claiming that Mohammad Hussein Abu Zenada was untouched and died of a heart attack while troops searched for anti-Israeli activists in the Gaza Strip's Shati refugee camp.

But Rubia Abu Zenada, 63, told Reuters: "I saw my husband being beaten by soldiers and even an officer. I screamed and they locked me in a room... I heard

him groaning of pain." into their home Saturday about 10 p.m. when they began hitting nine-year-old Naim with gun butts, Abu Zenada tried to guard him and was beaten until he died.

Rubia Abu Zenada said the army medic used the Arabic expression "God gave and took" to

announce her husband's death.

The army said soldiers went to the house for a search and the old man collapsed and died of heart failure. It would not comment whether the boy was beaten. Naim said the soldiers wanted him to denounce activists.

Palestinians said about 40 soldiers on a hunt for stonethrowing youths raided many Shati camp homes after dark Saturday. Hospital officials said several residents were treated for iniuries suffered in beatings

Elsewhere in the crowded Gaza Strip, soldiers wounded two people with live ammunition during clashes Sunday, Palestinian sources said.

Vandals smashed more than 70 Semitic threats. "My grandfather fell on his

SHATI CAMP, occupied Gaza face to the ground," Naim told Jewish graves at a Jewish cemetery on Arab Jerusalem's Mount of Olives, police said Sunday.

The vandals hammered and axed tombs in a section of the gravevard where U.S. Jews are buried, leaving chunks and chips of stone strewn across a large

No nationalist Palestinian slogans or anti-Semitic graffiti were scrawled on the graves, but witnesses said the damage was the most serious ever to the cemetery overlooking Jerusalem's walled

Old City. Police said they were questioning the Arab cemetery guard but

had not arrested any suspects. gious Jew for three years after he confessed to desecrating 300 Jewish graves in the northern city of Haifa. He said he did it to unite Israelis against Arab and anti-

Israel sends message to Cairo; Al Akhbar hits 'killer cabinet'

CAIRO (Agencies) — Israel osed by Prime Minister Shamir assured Egypt Sunday that dia- and to continuing the peace pro-

logue is the only way to end the Middle East conflict and said it is committed to Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir's plan for elections in the occupied territories. Shimon Shamir, Israel's

ambassador to Cairo, told reporters that he conveyed a message with the assurances from Israeli Foreign Minister Moshe Arens to his Egyptian counterpart Esmat Abdul Meguid. "The Israel embassy requested

this meeting to convey a letter from Foreign Minister Moshe Arens to Minister Abdul Meguid concerning the situation in the Middle East after the Baghdad summit," the ambassador told reporters. The only way to end the

tension is dialogue and con-China, along with 13 other tinuing with the peace process as the message says," he said.

May 14, 1989 peace plan prop-

cess." he stressed.

Shamir's plan calls for elections in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, to be followed by an interim perioid and then a final settlement to the conflict. The Palestine Liberation organisation (PLO) rejected the plan and Egypt asked for clarifications.

An Egyptian daily newspaper said Israel had formed a war cabinet of killers and extremists. "It is a government controlled by hawks, shedders of blood and the most mad extremists who call for war. It is the government to cause regional catastrophes," the mass-circulation Al Akhbar said

in its early Sunday edition. It criticised U.S. President George Bush for saying that the formation of a new government was an internal Israeli matter.

"The policy of this government "Israel is committed to the is not an internal matter. It concerns all those interested in

Al Akhbar said.

Egypt has not officially commented on Shamir's success in forming an Israeli government. the most right-wing in the country's 42-year history.

But Al Akhbar said Shamir's government "will put an end to hopes of holding any peace negotiations."

An aide to Shamir Sunday rejected fears that the new govern-ment would close the door to peace in the Middle East.

"It's stunid nonsense." media adviser Avi Pazner told Reuters in reply to suggestions that the incoming coalition would be one of the most extreme in Israel's

Far-right and religious parties that signed a coalition agreement with Likud Friday demand harsher measures to quash the 30month-old Palestinian uprising and increased settlement of Jews in the occupied territories.

PLO envoys meet in American,

TUNIS (Agencies) — The U.S. rorism and recognise Israel's right ambassador to Tunisia and the Palestine Liberation Organisato exist. Israel has urged the tion (PLO) envoy have met as United States to break off the Washington ponders whether to contact. end its dialogue because of a guerrilla raid on Israel, the Arafat is resisting U.S. pressure to condemn the attack on an Palestinian news agency WAFA Israeli beach May 30 by the Pales-

said Sunday.

Ambassador Robert Pelletreau He has disclaimed responsibil-ity for the raid in which four and Hakam Balaoni discussed relations as well as the new Israeli right-wing government at a meet-ing at PLO headquarters in Tunis guerrillas were killed and 12 cap-Saturday, WAFA said.

U.S. President George Bush

said Friday the United States was

considering cutting off its dia-

logue with the organisation and

called on PLO leader Yasser Ara-

The PLO has said any moves Pelletreau and Balaoui, the by Washington to stop talks would encourage Israel to deal official contacts between Washington and the PLO, last more harshly with the Palestinian uprising in the occupied West. met June 5.

Bank and Gaza Strip. The PLO has described Israel's new government, formed on Friday, as a "war cabinet" which could increase repression against Palestinians

tine Liberation Front, a faction of

PLO envoy in Canada A senior PLO member has

include meetings with Jewish businessmen and possibly with Canada's foreign minister.

Bassam Abu Sharif, a special advisor to Arafat, will be asking for increased aid to help rebuild damaged buildings and institu-tions in the occupied territories, he said at a news conference in Toronto.

"Canada is helping now through U.N. agencies and through non-governmental orga-nisations, but increasing economic and social losses necessitate

more." he said. He also said the new hardline government formed by Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir, the most right-wing in Israeli history, "in the short-term will be an

obstacle to peace.' "But sometimes it is the hardliners who can deliver," he

A spokesman for the Canadian

department of external affairs said the Palestinian would be meeting members of the department but it was not yet known if Foreign Affairs Minister Joseph Clark would be present.

Abu Sharif, who is barred from entering the United States, and Israeli parliament member Mordechai Virshubski both spoke at the news conference to call for peace in the Middle East. although Virshubski said he could not speak directly to Abu Sharif or shake his hand without run-

ning afoul of Israeli law. Both men said tremendous economic difficulties face Israel as it absorbs thousands of new immigrants from the Soviet Union and Ethiopia.

Virshubski said a majority of Israelis are now ready to make territorial concessions. "There is an awareness we have to come to

terms with our neighbours and find a settlement."

Kuwaitis choose between Petrovsky candidates, boycott call

KUWAIT (R) — Amid competing calls from authorities and activists, Kuwaiti men voted Sunday for an interim assembly designed to decide the future of democracy in the tiny. Gulf state.

Opposition activists led by some 30 former deputies have called for the return of the parliament dissolved by the emir in 1986. They have urged a boycott of Sunday's poll, arguing that the proposed assembly will be unconstitutional and toothless.

State-run radio and television and pro-government newspapers appealed to people to vote and

radios broadcast patriotic songs. "Do you love Kuwait?" Al Rai Al Aam daily asked readers in a larger-than-normal headline. "Then go to the ballot box and

elect your candidate." The official Kuwait News Agency (KUNA) said turnout was high when polling began at 8 a.m. (0500 GMT) at 125 centres,

mostly schools. Journalists touring centres with Information Ministry officials saw several dozen men, mostly elderly, queueing to cast ballots. Women

cannot vote. Supporters of candidates offered mineral water and fruit juice to men as they entered the centres, where campaign posters covered walls and election vehi-

"Keep Kuwait clean," read one uncontroversial appeal on the wall of a school turned into a polling centre near Kuwait City. Dozens of campaign postes were

KUNA said the number of voters began to decrease after 9 a.m. because many had to go to work, but was expected to pick up again in the early evening after the lunchtime siesta.

plastered elsewhere.

Temperatures were expected to reach 47 degrees C (116 F). Kuwait's 62,000 male voters are choosing 50 of 348 candidates to be deputies in the National

Assembly. The emir, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah, will appoint 25 others. The government says the fouryear assembly is an interim body

which will make recommendations in closed sessions to ensure that future relations between parliament and government are healthy. Recommendations will not be binding.

The assembly will be Kuwait's liament at the height of the Gulf stations.

war, citing a foreign conspiracy to

The group of former deputies began staging a series of rallies late last year to demand the return of parliament.

Political sources said the cabinet, led by Crown Prince and Prime Minister Sheikh Saad Al Abdulla Al Sabah, was expected to resign when results were announced late Sunday or early Monday. Voting was due to end at a 8 p.m. (1700 GMT)

The sources said a new government, also led by Sheikh Saad, would be formed and sworn in when the new assembly held its inaugural session, which it must do within a month.

The battle is now over. We have done everythig possible to ensure an effective boycott and they (the government) have done their part to persuade people to go," a leading activist said on the eve of the poll.

"We just have to wait and see

"They are (the activists) our brothers. We have different views, but that is all," a top government official said. "Look around... you will easily see how democratic this government is."

"It is an excellent turnout so far," said one government official first since the emir dissolved par- in charge of one of the polling

SLA captures 3 Palestinian commandos

Organisation.

RASHAYA, Lebanon (R) — An Israeli-run radio station said Sunday three Palestinian guerrillas captured by pro-Israeli militiamen in a border strip in South Lebanon came from PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat's Fateh

The Voice of the South, monitored in the southern town of Rashaya, said militiamen of the Israeli-backed South Lebanon Army (SLA) caught the three Palestinians near an arms depot containing machine guns, rocketpropelled grenades and hand gre-

It said the militiamen, patrolling Israel's self-declared "security zone," spotted the fighters near the village of Taybeh, 5 kilometres north of the Israeli border and captured them.

Fateh's senior political official in Lebanon Zaid Wehbeh, speak- of war."

nian and Lebanese guerrilla

attacks. It is patrolled by Israeli

troops and SLA militiamen.

ing in the southern port town of Sidon where Fatch has its main On Saturday, Israeli military sources said the SLA had captured three armed Palestinians bases in Lebanon, said the expected rise in armed attacks three kilometres from an Israeli settlement but did not specify against Israeli military targets was in response to the new right-wing their affiliation. government in Israel. Fateh, the mainstream move-

"This escalation of military opment in the PLO, has not launched armed attacks against the erations will target Israeli soldiers who are killing our women and Jewish state since Arafat renounced terrorism in 1988. This children. We have the right to was the United States's main conconfront all these acts through dition for it to start direct talks military means inside (Israel) as well as outside," he said. with the Palestine Liberation

"The Israeli government formed by (Prime Minister Yit-Israel set up the buffer zone, a 15-kilometre wide strip to protect zhak) Shamir should expect more military operations," he added. its northern border from Palesti-

"The United States, which is standing by Israel, should be held responsible for this escalation as well as the Israeli cabinet

Najibullah will not step down — Kabul

KABUL (R) — Afghanistan Sunday rejected U.S. suggestions that President Najibullah step before they are held and hand down ahead of proposed elec-Foreign Minister Abdul Wakil

said Najibullah's continuance in power was not negotiable and the United States and Soviet Union have no choice but to accept the realities of the situa-

"Any suggestion that President Najibullah should step down is non-negotiable," he told Reuters

The U.S. backs elections but Washington and Moscow could wants Najibuliah to quit long not interfere in his decision. hac 211 Dinlomats said if Kabul stuck to their positions a

breakthrough was not possible. Wakil said Moscow agreed that Najibullah should remain in power during the transition period between negotiations and elec-

In answer to a question he said it was up to Najibullah to decide whether or not to take part in political settlement of the Afghan

Wakil said that at the recent over to an interim government. U.S.-Soviet summit presidents George Bush and Mikhail Gorbachev agreed a political solution was the only way to settle the Afghan problem.

There were "some differences on the mechanism of the transition period leading to general elections," but "I am hopeful the closeness in the position of the two superpowers will help in the

elections. This was his right and problem," he said. Riyadh urges Thais to reveal foreign power behind killings

NICOSIA (R) — Saudi Arabia tracking other suspects.

Another Saudi embassy official established that a foreign power was behind the killing of Saudi diolomats in Bangkok and urged them to reveal who it was.

A Foreign Ministry statement carried by the Saudi Press Agency (SPA) called on the Thai government to "arrest all those involved in the crime, bring them to justice and disclose the foreign party that stands behind these incidents as soon as possible."

Thai police said in March thev had arrested a Thai Muslim suspected of involvement in the murder of three Saudi diplomats in Bangkok on Feb. 1 and were

was shot dead in Bangkok in January last year, and a Saudi businessman disappeared from the Thai capital days after the killings in February. Nothing has

been heard of him since. SPA, received in Cyprus, quoted a Foreign Ministry official as saying the Saudi government had closely followed the Thai investigation into the murders. "Information provided by the

Thai authorities has proven that the security forces were able to identify the assailants and arrest some of them," he said, adding that the information also showed

That police have said the killings were linked either to international terrorism or a dispute over the lucrative business of supplying Thai workers to the Mid-dle East.

The killings were the latest in a series of attacks on Saudi diplomats abroad over the last four years. Western diplomats based in the Gulf have suggested Iran could be involved in at least some of them.

Saudi Arabia cut diplomatic relations with Iran in 1988, citing its "hostile attitude." Iranians on pilgrimage to Mecca in 1987 sparked riots

in Iraq

BAGHDAD (AP) - A senior Soviet envoy is in Baghdad to discuss stalled Iran-Iraq peace talks and the large-scale Jewish emigration to Israel with Iraqi officials and Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) chief Yasser Arafat, a Soviet diplomat said

The envoy, Vladimir Petrovs-ky, who is deputy foreign minister, arrived overnight and met Sunday with Foreign Ministry Undersecretary Saad Al Faisal, ahead of a planned session with Foreign Minister Tariq Aziz, the diplomat said. He requested anonymity.

Apart from the Iran-Iraq conflict and the Jewish emigration, he is expected to brief Iraqi officials and Arafat on the outcome of the superpower summit in the United States earlier this month, the diplomat said.

The diplomat would not say when Petrovsky would meet with Arafat.

The Soviet Union and Arafat reportedly have sought to arrange face-to-face summit talks in Moscow between Iragi President Saddam Hussein and his Iranian counterpart, Hashemi Rafsanjani, to resolve the 10-year-old dispute between the two Gulf neighbours.

United Nations-sponsored talks were launched in August 1988, after a ceasefire halted eight years of war between Iran and Iraq. But they were quickly deadlocked over the question of priorities Iraq wanted its main outlet to

the Gulf, the Shatt Al Arab Waterway, dredged of war debris and reopened to traffic. Iran insisted that Iraq first withdraw its troops from territories occupied in the final stages of the war.

The summit meeting was suggested by Saddam in an exchange of letter with the Iranian leadership in April. Iran has said it preferred that experts meet first to pave the way for a summit. Iraq has been the PLO's main

backer in efforts to curtail the emigration of Soviet Jews to Israel. Arabs fear the Jewish emigrants, expected to reach 750,000 in the next few years, would be settled on occupied Arab territories, further impeding peace efforts.

planning attacks on Soviet immigrants

LONDON (AP) — Radical Palestinian leader Ahmad Jibril was quoted as saying Sunday that he and his followers are planning attacks against Soviet Jews emigrating to Israel.

Jibril, a former Syrian army captain, heads the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine-General Command.

The Independent on Sunday newspaper said it interviewed Jibril at a hotel in Tehran last week.

"If we are satisfied that the United States will continue helping Israel financially and in all other ways to continue this immigration (of Soviet Jews), then we will use every possible means we can, including the armed struggle, to stop this immigration." Jibril was quoted as saying.

The Independent on Sunday said that when asked what he planned to do about them, Jibril

"We are using diplomatic and political efforts, but when we feel we cannot make any progress in this manner we will try to find another way.'

Ethiopia, Kenya discuss new peace initiative

NAIROBI (R) — Ethiopian President Mengistu Haile Mariam arrived in Nairobi Sunday for talks with President Daniel Arap Moi expected to focus on a new peace initiative to try to end Ethiopia's long-running civil wars.

Kenyan officials gave no details but the talks follow a call earlier this month for an international peace conference on Ethiopia by Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev and U.S. President George Bush.

Western diplomats in Nairobi said Arap Moi's readiness to receive Haile Mariam for their oneday meeting indicated Kenya's support for a fresh effort to halt civil wars raging in Ethiopia's northern provinces of Tigray and

The Ethiopian president, who has welcomed the Bush-Gor-



bachev statement made during their summit in Washington, visited the Red Sea Republic of Djibouti last Thursday to brief Djibouti President Hassan Goulden Aptidon on his efforts to end the fighting. Earlier last week Mengistu

announced he would allow U.N. observers to join planned peace

talks with the Eritrean People's Liberation Front (EPLF), which has been fighting for the independence of Eritrea for the past 29 years.

The move met an EPLF demand which led to deadlock in the talks, staged last year by Kenya and chaired by former U.S. President Jimmy Carter.

The Ethiopian embassy in Nairobi placed large advertisements in local Sunday newspapers, saying the government had taken steps to revive the negotiations with the EPLF.

Ethiopia is also fighting against rebels in Tigray, adjacent to Eritrea, who want to oust Mengistu's

Algerian elections mark end of one-party rule

ALGIERS (R) — Algeria's first free elections Tuesday mark the end of 28 years of one-party rule by the National Liberation Front (FLN) with Muslim fundamentalists poised to emerge as the big-

gest opposition party.

Government and diplomatic analysts expect the FLN to win its first electoral test, for municipal and provincial councils, since it led the country to independence from France in 1962.

But the Islamic Salvation Front (FIS), independents and a party led by ethnic Berbers and certain to grab at least some of the country's 1,500 municipal coun-

FIS spokesman Abbasi Madani claimed 75 per cent of the vote at the close of the campaign last week and warned that anything less might constitute fraud. "Even drunkards will vote for

us," said the fiery fundamentalist preacher Ali Benhadi to chants of 'jihad" (holy war) at a mass rally last Monday attended by more than 60,000 bearded young supporters. Thee have been no national

officials give the FIS anywhere from six to 30 per cent of the popular vote. The government has vowed to vers from all 10 opposition parties choose their and hundreds of independent lists

opinion polls but diplomats and

counting. "The FLN will control the overwhelming majority of muni- participation in the June 12 poll

cipalities," predicted one government analyst. "It is highly probable they will control all of the provincial governments." Abstention rates are widely ex-

pected to be high as voters question how multi-party democracy, launched by President Chadli Benjedid after October 1988 youth riots, will help them overcome pressing economic problems.

An economic recovery prog-ramme has so far made little headway in tackling inflation of 30 per cent a year, unemployment of more than 20 per cent and a housing crisis. Two opposition parties linked

to historic FLN figures, revolutionary war hero Hocine Ait Ahmad's Socialist Forces Front and the Movement for Democracy in Algeria of former President Ahmed Ben Bella, have urged a boycott. They say the FLN has an unfair

legislative elections should come A coalition of pro-democracy intellectuals and human rights activists appealed in the press Sunday for a high turnout, saying

edge because of its giant budget

and control of most media, and

the future of democracy was at "For the first time in its history be fair and promised that obser- the Algerian people can freely elected assemblies," the statewill supervise voting and ment said.

"Citizens should celebrate this great achievement with a massive

Oran ALGIERS Atlantic Morocco Libya

to show their adherence to the democratic ideal."

Despite the economic crisis charges of corruption and brutal army repression of the 1988 riots particularly in the rural Algerian told Reuters last week. "The

Old guard FLN leaders linked to former President Houari Boumedienne led a fiery nationalistic campaign that played on

the FIS, which wants to set up an Islamic republic.

"If the FIS takes power we will revert to one-party rule," Nouredine Djellouli, FLN coordinator the FLN retains strong support in the eastern city of Constantine, democratic process cannot reach fruition except through FLN leadership."

The FLN is expected to retain the loyalty of tribal chiefs and patriotic sentiment and fear of local notables,

Disunity, hardship threaten Iranian revolution sion forums on the problems.

By Eric Hall

TEHRAN - A year into the post-Khomeini era, Iranians are scrambling to get by in an economy close to collapse. Clerical leaders keep their

differences under wraps as much as they can, and urge the people to do the same. But while pragmatic President Ali Akbar Hashemi Raf-

sanjani struggles to kick-start the economy without falling into conflict with the ayatollah's austere revolutionary legacy, time is running short. It is clear that Rafsanjani is

making ground, but it is much slower than people want," says a Western diplomat in Tehran. Thousands gathered at the tomb of Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini south of Tehran last

Islamic Republic.

gious leader, Ayatollah Ali Khamenei, told them that disunity and economic failure threatened the future of the revolution. "Do not speak out your differences," he warned. But down in the seething,

velling crowd, men collapsed from exhaustion and hysteria. No one was listening.

NEWS ANALYSIS

For ordinary Iranians, daily life is almost as much a scamble as the scene at the tomb. Tehran residents say that

people wheel and deal to make ends meet and grumble constantly about inflation, food shortages and corruption, although few of the complaints week to pay tribute to the reach the official press. Stufundamentalist Shi'ite leader who brought down the monardents have also begun discus-

chy in 1979 and created the Khomeini's successor as reli-

"The common people, even the government's supporters, might not complain to you, but amongst themselves they talk on nothing else," said an official, a strong government sup-porter himself. "The student meetings are

taken seriously by the leadership. Important clerics are going to address them," he

Frustrations occasionally break out in public unrest. Earlier this year, students

fought revolutionary guards and police around an apartment complex in Tehran after the guards had tried to take over the student dormitories, a diplomat who went to inspect the damage said.

Political analysts see Rufsanjani's main problem as radical derics who insist that Khomeini's teachings and policies can never be changed.

Chief among the hardliners is former Interior Minister Ali Akbar Mohtashemi, who was dropped from the cabinet by Rafsanjani but subsequently won a seat in parliament. Strongly anti-Western.

violently anti-Israel, and ready

for no soft option. Iranians say

Mohtashemi retains strong

support amongst radical Islamic students. Rafsanjani's relationship with Khamenei remains un-

Some analysts believe they work as a double act, with Rafsanjani playing the moderate, in favour of better international relations and economic cooperation, while Khamenei strikes a stern Islamic pose for the domestic audience.

Other analysts think that this is not the case and that Rafsanjani has been embarrassed by some of Khamenei's attacks on the West.

MARKET PRICES

Cairo (MS)

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE Programme review . Children programmes World Cup

| 19:45 | Programme review |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| 29:00 | |
| 20:30 | |
| 21:30 | |
| | Local programmes |
| 23:00 | News summary in Arabic |
| PROC | GRAMME TWO |
| 18:05 | Documentary |
| 19 :0 0 | News in French |
| 19:15 | Weekly Sport magazine |
| | News in Hebrew |
| 19:45 | Varieties |
| 29:30 | Perfect Strangers |
| 21:10 | Blind Faith |
| 21:45 | News in English |
| 22:00 | World Cup: England vs. Ireland |

PRAYER TUNES

CHURCHES St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweifigh Tel. 810740

Assemblies of God Church, Tel. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tel. De la Saile Church Tcl. 661757 Terrasanta Church Tel: 622366 Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel. 628543. Armenian Catholic Church Tel. 771331. . dan Ortbodox Church Tci. Syrian Orthodox Church Tel. 771751. 585326. Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints Tel. 815817, 654932. WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department o Temperatures will be around the annual average and winds will be northwesterly moderate. In Aqaba, it will be dusty with northerly fresh wind

Min./max. tcmp.

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JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Jordan Valley 21 / 37 Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 34, Aqaba 39, Humidity readings: Ammas 20 per cent, Aqaba 18 per

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY**

AMMAN: Dr. Abdul Oader Al Lala . Yousef Rashed (—) 661912 Firas pharmacy Ferdows pharmacy Al Asema pharmacy Nairoukh pharmacy 637055 623672 IRBID: Dr. Nabil Abul 'Ola . Al Sharaa' pharmacy Dr. Jihad Misleh .

EMERGENCIES

| Civil Defence Department 661111 |
|-------------------------------------|
| Civil Defence Immediate |
| Rescue 630341 |
| |
| Civil Defence Emergency 199 |
| Rescue Police 192, 621111, 637777 |
| Fire Brigade 891228 |
| Blood Bank 775121 |
| Highway Police 843402 |
| Traffic Police 896390 |
| Public Security Department 630321 |
| Hotel Complaints 605800 |
| Price Complaints 661176 |
| Water and Sewerage |
| WEIGH WICH SCHOOLSE |
| Complaints897467 |
| Amman Municipality |
| Complaints 787111 |
| Telephone Information |
| (directory assistance) 121 |
| Overseas Calls 010230 |
| Central Amman Telephone |
| Repairs 623101 |
| Abdali Telephone Repairs 661101 |
| Jordan Television |
| Radio Jordan 774111 |
| Water Authority 680100 |
| Jordan Electricity Authority 815615 |
| Electric Power |
| Company 636381 |
| RJ Flight Information 08-53200 |

| | AMMAN: |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 630341 | Hussein Medical Centre 813813 |
| F | Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn 64428 |
| ce Emergency 199 | Akileh Maternity, J. Amn 64244 |
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| c 891228 | Jabal Amman Maternity 6423 |
| 775121 | Malhar I Amana 4344 |
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| 05/300 | Palestine, Shmeisani 66417 |
| æ 896390 | Shmeisani Hospital 6691 |
| rity Department 630321 | University Hospital 8458 |
| plaints 605800 | Al-Mussher Hospital 66722 |
| laints 661176 | The Islamic, Abdali 666127 |
| Sewerage | ALAM: Abdult cons |
| | Al-Ahli, Abdali 66416 |
| ıts 897467 | Italian, Al-Muhajreen 77710 |
| unicipality | Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 775111/ |
| its | Army, Marka 891611/ |
| Information | Queen Alia Hospital 602240/ |
| y assistance) 121 | Amal Hospital 6741 |
| alls | ZAROA: |
| nman Telephone | |
| phone Repairs 623101 | Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)9833 |
| phone Repairs 661101 | Zarga National Hospital (09)9910 |
| vision 773111 | Iba Sina Hospital (09)9867 |
| an 774111 | IRBID: |
| ority 680100 | Princess Basma Hospital (02)2755. |
| tricity Authority 815615 | Grock Catholic Hospital (02)2755 |
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AOABA:

Queen Alia Inti. Airport..... 08-53200 HOSPITALS

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| uleh Maternity, J. Amn 642441/2 |
| bal Amman Maternity 642362 |
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| dhas, J. Amman 636140 |
| lestine, Shmeisani 664171/4 |
| mained Manager 0047/1/4 |
| meisani Hospital 669131 |
| iversity Hospital 845845 |
| -Mussber Hospital 667227/9 |
| c Islamic, Abdali 656127/37 |
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| Ahli, Abdali 664164/6 |
| lian, Al-Muhajreen 777101/3 |
| Bashir, J. Ashrafich 775111/26 |
| my. Marka 891611/15 |
| een Alia Hospital 602240/50 |
| nal Hospital 674155 |
| nau mospitali 6/4155 |
| ROA: |
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| rqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323 |
| rga National Hospital (09)991071 |
| Sina Hospital (09)986732 |
| • • |
| BID: |
| ncess Basma Hospital (02)275555 |
| eck Catholic Hospital (02)272275 |
| Al Nafees Hospital (02)247100 |
| |

FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Oueen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified. ARRIVALS

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights Dhahran (RJ) 10:30 10:45 16:99 17:25 Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ Ankara, Istanbul (RJ)

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

..... Aqəba (RJ)

Sanaa (LH) Bucharest (RO) Cairo (MS) Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (GF) 13:20 .. Paris (AF 18:30 Kuwait (KU)

DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

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Her Royal Highness Princess Basma Sunday opens the first scouts forum of the Arab Cooperation Council (Petra photo).

Princess Basma opens **ACC** scouts forum

NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF

AMMAN (Petra) - The Jordanian Writers Federation Monday

marks the Great Arab Revolt and the Army Day by holding a special cultural festival under the patronage of Royal Court Chief

CAIRO (Petra) - Information Ministry Secretary-General Trad

Al Fayez Sunday met with Egyptian television, and radio program-

me producers and reviewed with them scopes of cooperation in the

information field. Fayez also visited several technical sections at

SOUTH SHUNEH (Petra) - Presidents and union leaders of the

professional associations Sunday visited the martyrs' monument in

Karameh and laid flower wreaths on the monumet. President of

Jordan Doctors Association Mamdouh Al Abbadi delivered a

speech at the site in which he hailed the soldiers of the Armed

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Dermatology Department of the school of medicine at the Jordan University Hospital is organising a "scientific day" on Wednesday, June 13, with the aim of improving the

standards of Jordanian doctors, organisers said Sunday. Events

planned for the day include presentation of case studies in dermatology - the science of skin diseases, said a spokesman for the organisers. The presentations will be held at the Dermatology

Department at the Jordan University Hospital between 9 a.m. and 1 p.m., and all doctors interested in the subject are welcome, the

Jordan, Egypt review cooperation

Unionists visit Karameh monument

Dermatologists plan scientific day

AMMAN (Petra) - Her Royal Great Arab Revolt which has Highness Princess Basma, president of the Scout and Girl Guides Association Sunday opened the first scouts forum of the Arab Cooperation Council (ACC) at the Amman National Park

permanent scouting camp.

Taking part in the five-day event are 85 scouts from Iraq. Jordan, Egypt and Yemen --- the four ACC member states.

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The forum's programme includes field visits to sites linked historically with the Great Arab Revolt and to military and touristic sites throughout the Kingdom.

Addressing the gathering, Hassan Thubian, director of the forum and the association's secretary-general said that the senior ACC diplomats in Amgathering comes to mark the man.

Writers to mark Army Day

the radio and television corporations.

Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker.

started from Mecca plains to revive hopes and renew resolve to achieve a decent life for the whole Arab Nation.

Thubian voiced his appreciation to the scouting movements in the ACC countries which have responded positively and have demonstrated their willingness to make this gathering a success.

The opening ceremony was attended by Education Minister Mohammad Hamdan, Mu'ta University President Awad Khleifat, Amman Governor Mohammad Ali Al Amin, directors of education departments at the Ministry of Education and

can from now on get a renewal for their driving licences or new car licences at any branch of the drivers and cars licencing departments around the country and there will be no need for referring to the original centre which issued the licence the first time. according to an announcement by the Public Security Department (PSD) Sunday.

ACC health ministers

set up special panels

Council (ACC) countries Sunday

announced the creation of four

specialised committess to help

coordinate matters related to

The committees were set up by

medical and health cooperation.

secretaries-general of the health

ministries in Jordan, Iraq, Yemen and Egypt upon the conclusion of

their meeting here in which they

discussed, among other things,

ways to unify medical systems in the four countries and the imple-

mentation of an ACC agreement

in health affairs signed earlier by

According to the announce-

ment, the four committees are:

1 — A committee on health

legislation and health policies which will meet by the middle of

September. Its rapporteur is Ira-

- Health services committee

their ministers.

AMMAN (Petra) — The four- August. Its rapporteur is Jordamember Arab Cooperation nian.

which will hold a meeting in drug production and in nursing.

Vehicle licensing facilitated

The announcement said that by facsimile any of the branches can obtain information about the driver or the car from the original centre before a new licence is issned.

Cars that have to be subjected to technical tests can go through the procedure at any of the branches, exactly as it was the practice

AMMAN (Petra) - Car owners at the Marka centre, the announcement added.

3 — A committee on developing human resources which will hold

a meeting in November. Its rap-

4 — A committee on medicine

affairs which will meet in Octo-

ber. Its rapporteur will be Egyp-

announced that they had pre-

pared an agenda for their minis-

ters' meeting which will open in Amman on June 18.

Abbasi, the Health Ministry's

secretary-general, the meeting

was characterised by a brotherly

atmosphere and the four officials

endorsed recommendations by

the food industries and drug com-

The meeting, he added ex-changed views about ACC coop-

eration in joint research work. in

According to Dr. Adnan

The four officials also

porteur is Yemeni.

It said that cars that do not have to undergo technical tests. normally because they are new. can obtain a renewed licence immediately after the information through the facsimile has been sent to the branch.

Previously owners of cars that did not have to undergo technical tests used to obtain a renewed licence by mail.

According to the announcement, cars which cannot have their licences renewed are those that had been impounded by the police, those whose licences had been originally issued to serve for one year only and other legal

Farmers allowed to import cows, sheep

AMMAN (J.T.) - Cattle farmers engaged in the dairy industry can from now on import milk cows to help meet the need of fresh milk in the local markets and to encourage local milk poduction, according to an announcement by Minister of Agriculture Suleiman Arabiyat.

The minister's decision came after the Council of Ministers nceu that tarmers and stock breeders can from now on import live sheep and cows to provide I for suicide and juvenile delinlean meat for the local market.

Seminar on crime

AMMAN (Petra) — "Crime and Society" is the title of a three-day symposium which is to be held at the University of Jordan this

The symposium, which is orga-nised by the Higher Council for Combatting Crime at the Public Security Department (PSD) and the University of Jordan, is ex-pected to deal with several working papers covering different types of crimes in the Kingdom.

Harb said that the meetings, which will open Tuesday, will deal with thefts and robberies in Jordan, dangerous drugs, motives quency.

Housing units offered in Salt

AMMAN (Petra) -- The Housing Corporation has started distributing forms for subscription to the provident fund which qualifies participants to benefit from the new housing project to be carried out in Salt.

A subscriber can qualify for benefitting from Salt project after paying an initial amount ranging between 200 and 240 dinars to the provident fund.

After the downpayment, subscribers have to pay a monthly installment ranging between JD

Jordanians of 21 years of age and above, who are not in possession of a house or apartment or who have not benefitted from a housing scheme and who have limited income, can benefit from the new housing project which will be constructed on a 75 dunum plot of land located in the western part of Salt.

Anniversaries celebrated

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein, the supreme com-mander of the Jordanian Armed Forces Sunday attended a ceremony organised by the Armed Forces at Al Hussein Youth City to mark the anniversary of the army and Great Arab Revolt.

King Hussein visited the Martyr's Monument and inspected items which relate the story of the Armed Forces and the Great Arab Revolt; the King watered the olive tree in the yard.

King Hussein later presented medals to a group of army officers representing various forma-tions and divisions.

Attending the ceremony with King Hussein were Prime Minister Mudar Badran, speakers of the Upper and Lower Houses of Parliament, Chief of the Royal Court Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, the King's political advisor Adnan Abu Odeh, the army chief of staff and the director of the Public Security Department.

At a reception held at Al Hussem Youth City the prime minister, senior officials, high ranking army officers and heads of tribes and representatives of public and private organisations offered King Hussein best wishes on the



His Majesty King Hussein Sunday presents a medal to an Armed Forces officer on the occasion of the Army Day and Great Arab Revolt anniversary (Yousef Al 'Allan)

Army Chief of Staff Fathi Abn delegation attended the lunch.

Later King Hussein and invited Taleb. China's Defence Minister guests attended a lunch hosted by Qin Jiwei and his accompanying

Hideous murder still a mystery

By Journana Halasa Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Police are investigating the mysterious murder of a Jordanian businessman whose body was found in the burnt-out shell of his car in the desert outside Amman late last month, but have come up with little material clues, according to police sources.

A senior police source confirmed that security forces are looking for a man who had worked for the victim as a "material witness" to the

The body of Mohammad Waleed Sunnocrot, a furniture dealer in his early forties, was found at Daba, 40 kilometres south of Amman, in the morning of May 28, after a local resident reported the discovery of a burnt-out car about 60 metres from his mother's home, according to police reports made available to the Jordan Times.

The reports quoted the mother, apparently the only Mercedes 200, as saying that two cars had driven up to the

desert the previous day and one of them sped away after a while.

"I saw two cars entering the area from the desert highway at two in the afternoon," the woman's statement to police said. "They stopped for a while. Then one of the cars left the area at a very high speed, while the other car remained."

According to the testimony, the woman heard an explosion (apparently the burst of the gas tank of the car) and noticed a fire. Fearing that her storage room, which was full of hay for her farm animals, was ablaze she ventured out to investigate and found that it was the car, according to the statement. "I was too scared to report it," the woman told police.

The incident was not reported until the second day. when the woman's son visited her, and she informed him of what had happened the day before. The son verified the story and established the presence of the burned car, and informed police.

tions found that the trunk of car contained charred parts of

a human body, including the skull and feet, police sources said. It was also found that the body was decapitated before it was left to burn in the car which also showed trace of an excessive quantity of gasoline.

It was not immediately

possible then to identify the body, which was burned beyond recognition, and there were no identification documents to be found. Police traced the ownership of the car and reached the Sunnocrot family and found that the head of the family was missing since noon the previous day. According to the source, Sunnocrot, a resident of the Shmeisani area of Amman, was supposed to have picked up his children from school but did not turn up to do so.

Also missing was one of his employees who was believed to have accompanied Sunnocrot from his office. Police immediately launched a thorough search for the employee and the border posts and airport were alerted, the police source

Police reports say that in all probability the actual murder

appears to have been committed some place other than where the car was burned, and the woman's testimony that she had seen two cars driving up to near her house has established that at least two people were involved in the crime. the source said.

Police also have "reasons to believe" that the second car involved is an American-made beige and white car and are looking to locate the vehicle, the source said. Legal sources said Sunnocrot, a

successful businessman, did not appear to have any record of enmity with anyone. One of the early theories advanced was that Sunnocrot had withdrawn a large amount of money from the bank on the day he went missing, but police reports contain no reference to robbery as the motive for the

"The crucial witness to the crime could be the missing employee," said the police source, speaking to the Jordan Times on condition of anonymity. "It is doubtful that we can really get to the bottom of the

At the same time, police also do not rule out the possibility that the disappearance of the employee may have no linkage to the murthings are known to happen," said the police source.

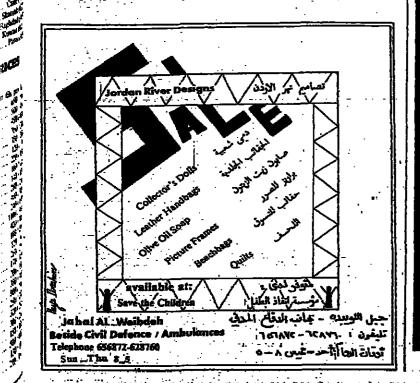
WHAT'S GOING ON

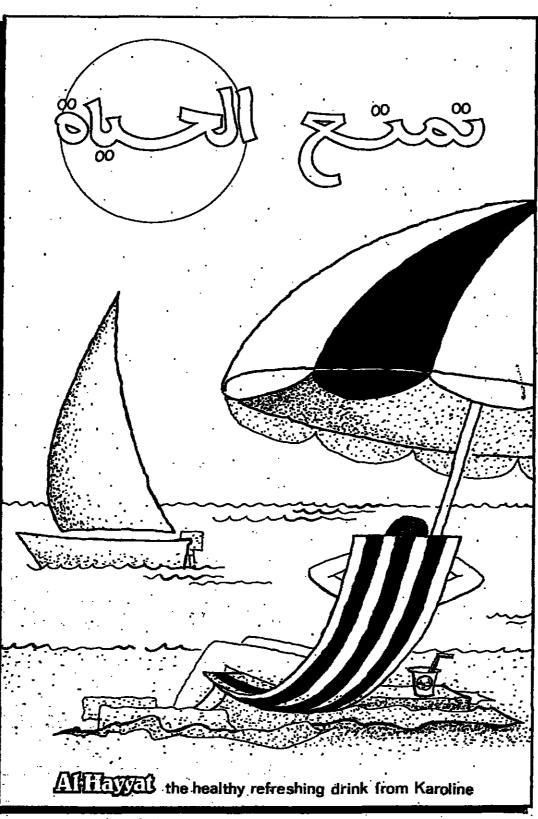
The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

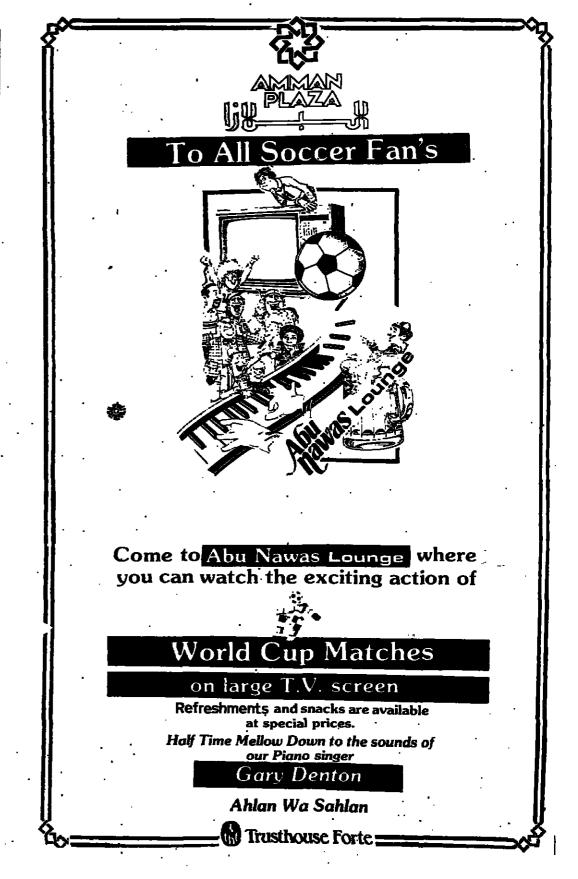
EXHIBITIONS

- A Exhibition of pointings depicting the Jordanian environment by Adel Al Sharan, Mohammad Assad and Hani Khaza'leb at the Housing Bank Art Gallery.
- * Art exhibition by Rafiq Al Laham at the Royal Cultural Centre. ☆ Exhibition entitled 'La revolution: 200 ans apres' at the French Cultural Centre.

- * French film entitled "Quatre aventures de Reinette et Mirabelle" at the French Cultural Centre - 8:00 p.m. TURKISH FILM WEEK
- * Feature film entitled "Wife as Gran Cultural Centre — 8:00 p.m.







4 Opinion & Analysis

Jordan Times

وربن تلمز يرمية عربية معاسبة مستقلة تميير بالابطارية عي الزمسية المسعفية الأردمية

Chairman of the Board of Directors: MAHMOUD AL KAYED

Director General: MOHAMMAD AMAD

Facsimile: 661242

Editor-in-Chief: **GEORGE S. HAWATMEH**

Editorial and advertising offices: Jordan Press Foundation,

University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan. Telephones: 667171/6, 670141-4, 684311, 684366 Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

'Crazies' at the door

THE CHIEF objective of the new Israeli government will be to speed up immigration from the Soviet Union and provide for the quick and successful absorption of immigrants, according to guidelines released and published in Israel over the past two days. The guidelines refer in general terms to "bolstering (Jewish) settlements (in the occupied Arab territories)," but they are unequivocal in stressing that "the eternal right of the Jewish people to Eretz Yisrael is indisputable." For those who do not know, Eretz Yisrael means "Greater Israel" which is built on the whole of Palestine, including the occupied territories and probably even the whole area from the Nile to the Euphrates.

In its reaction to the formation of the new Shamiri coalition, Israel's Labour Party stops at saying it is "a government of national disaster," leaving it up to the Citizen's Rights Movement to predict that the new regime would either bring "a terrible new war (to the region)" or "cause public opinion to wake up to the true nature of the right wing" - the only question being "which will come first."

Being a coalition of ultra-nationalistic groups and religious zealots, with Shamir to the left of everybody else in his cabinet, the new Israeli government has been called many other names as well. "Right-wing crazies"; "killers"; "war-mongers"; are but a few labels that have been used to describe members of the government by people inside and outside Israel recently.

With this background information on the make-up of the new Israeli coalition, there is very little that we Arabs can add, in words and descriptions, to what is already being said.

This is no time for uttering words and issuing statements, however. The threat of rising extremism and the imminence of Zionist aggression with the new developments in Israel is so serious that the Arab World cannot afford to wait a minute longer without being prepared for the worst scenario to happen in the Middle East.

We are not talking only about retardation in peace efforts, and more obstacles being erected in the path of achieving an Arab-Israeli settlement. We can see the real canger of a new war breaking out in the area, started no less by the effective implementation of the new Israeli government's declared programme.

It is a bad joke alright for the Israelis to have such a regime. But the prospect of having Sharon and Eitan and people like them taking the helm of Israeli politics is no joke at all for our people under occupation and the rest of us in the Arab World.

It still is likely that the new Shamiri coalition may never actually see the light of day, given the experience of Shimon Peres with his vote of confidence in the Knesset six weeks ago. But no-one should sit on his laurels, hoping that Shamir will face the same kind of fate today. The fact that the "crazies" have come so far, and that they might be in office in a few hours' time, says a lot about the real danger that we

JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS

THERE IS nothing surprising about the nature of the new Israeli government since extremism has always characterised the Jewish state under Labour, Likua or both together, Al Ra'i said Sunday. Since its creation, Israel has been the model of extremism although it sometimes resorted to the game of "doves and hawks" with which it hoped to deceive the world and to reflect a false pretence that there is real opposition and moderation, said the paper. Of course, under the new rightist government Israel is bound to expose further images of extremism and open policies for expansion and colonisation, but the picture will remain the same about Israel, which is steered by world Zionism, the paper noted. The paper urged the Arab countries to rule out any possible moderation on the part of Israel and to start to prepare themselves to confront Zionist extremism. The Arabs have only one alternative. To build their intrinsic force to impose respect for them on the Israelis and their allies, and they have to confront Israel through continued struggle and serious efforts, said the

A columnist in Al Ra'i criticised government departments trying to set their offices within the residential areas of the capital. Salah Abdul Samad says that the Finance Ministry is trying to set up its headquartes in Abdoun, the Civil Service Commission was earlier established in Shmeisani, the Social Security Corporation lies at Al Hussein Housing Estate and the Ministry of Youth is located near Al Ra'i office. This shows a tendency on the part of the government to establish its offices within residential areas, thus causing much inconvenience to the residents around those buildings in view of the numerous cars and people calling at them on a daily basis, the writer said. The concerned authorities should follow the example of many world capitals by assigning certain areas for government offices, thus avoiding noise and trouble for the residents and facilitating access to them," he said.

The anniversary of the Great Arab Revolt this year coincides with increased dangers confronting the Arabs and comes at a time when the enemies of the Arabs are escalating their conspiracies and posing greater challenge to the Arab Nation, Sawt Al Shaab said. The paper said that since 1916, when the Great Arab Revolt began, the Arabs have been facing immense challenges as they struggled for unity and independence. Since 1916, the Arabs havebeen facing conspiracies, and Israel's aggression and continued threats against their existence, the paper added. The Hashemites have succeeded in protecting a great part of the Arab World and those who inherited the trust are continuing their struggle in true commitment to the principles of the Great Arab Revolt, the paper WEEKLY POLITICAL PULSE

CANVASSING the political

Germans taking a closer look at reunification

scene in West Germany in a matter of a week or so is an impossible mission. Yet, thanks to a concentrated programme, that I religiously pursued dur-ing my last week's visit to thatcountry. It got closer to the pulse of the German nation more than by reaching through all the periodicals and journals that one can possibly have. What astonished me first of all is the lukewarm support and subdued enthusiasm for the issue of German unification across the political spectrum. I often found myself while talking with various Germans of all walks of life in the unenviable position of being more emotionally enthusiastic about German unity than most Germans that I came across. It seems that the euphoria for unity generated first by the flood of East Germans pouring into West Germany and which culminated in the tumbling down of the Berlin Wall has since given way to rationalism and cool-headed calculations and appraisals. In other words, while the quest and support for unity is still there and reasonably vibrant among most Germans, it is being pursued with less euphoric excitements than before. Perhaps this is typical of German people who in the final analysis are cool-headed people prone to think with their hearts than with their hearts - albeit during the Nazi era, they per-

formed differently. I was fortunate enough to discuss Germany's unity with the four principal German parties, namely, the Christian Democrats, the Social Democrats, the Liberals and finally the Green party. As I took stock of my meetings with some of the executives of the first three parties, i.e., the Christian Democrats, the Social Democrats, and the Liberals, I became readily impressed with the common denominator that unites all three parties on the historic need to unify their country. The streak of commonality in their collective views on the basics of unification was most enlightening. All three parties are not only fully aware of the issues and implications of unifications but also appreciatives of the need to proceed with caution albeit at different speeds.

Of the three principal parties, the Liberals are the most enthusiastic about unity in principle and about the pace of affecting it. Yet, even the. Liberals realise fully that unification will have a cost and incur repercussions on many levels including economic, social and political ones. The Liberals also recognise that there will be a need for a period of adjustment that the entire country would have to undertake sooner or later. Yet unity per se, for them, overrides all other considerations of the three main political parties in West Germany, the Social Democrats are the most concerned about the price tag of unifications and would want therefore to know the price that Germans will have to take to achieve their unity. They dismiss charges that they are not

tion as ludicrous. Their main concern is to get aquainted with what Germans have to pay for this unity in terms of extra taxations, overriding existing rights that East German's have acquired throughout the years under the socialist order and the political repercussions of unifications. In short the Social Democrats seek unity but. would rather go at it slowly and with one step at a time. They also remind observers that West Germany is not going to be that stronger by adding some 16 million East Germans to the German nation which is constituted of some 60 millions already. Besides the economy in East Germany, it is pointed out, is in such shambles that for many years to come the East German economy will be a heavy burden to the German economy and not an augmentation or a boost that can be cherished with euphoria. The figure of 30 billion German marks is mentioned as only budget subsidies to East Germany over the next two to three years. In addition the bureaucracy in East Germany is so cumbersome that it would take years to rectify and streamline it on Western standards. An example of this colossal bureaucracy is the number of East German diplomats who number three times their counterparts in West Germany at a time when the population of West Germany is nearly four times as much as that of East

under the old order that it would not be easy, juridically speaking, to supercede them with new or lesser rights that are not subsidised.

Sandwiched between the two positions is the stance of the Christian Democrats who strive for German unity at full prudent speed yet not at a precipitous one. At the outset the Christian Democrats dismiss outright the suggest that they are capitalising on the unity issue for political ends. In this context they cite verse and Bible to support the thesis that Chancellor Helmut Kohl has not benefitted at all from the unity issue, a charge often heard from the Social Democrat quarters. The Christian Democrats, like the Liberals, view the opportunity to unite Germany as a historic one and that irrespective of the price it must be pursued.

With regard to the international repercussions of German unification, while the three principal parties recognise the Soviet concerns and express a willingness to deal with it to the Soviet satisfaction. They believe that the Soviet factor is not really a formidable one. The three parties have sensed that the final Soviet position on German unification is still in a state of flux and, marked by flexibility. More or less one gets the impression that the three German parties believe that Moscow's opposition to German participation in NATO is not the really the last word from the Soviet Union. In this vein, it is pointed out of all the

Western countries, France is the most enthusiastic about full German participation in NATO as a way of containing united Germany. Even Washington's last word on German's role in NATO has yet to be spelled out as it too is still gauging the implications of German unity under the influence of many pressure groups notably the The Green party, on the

other hand, does not hid its

reluctancy to support swift Ger-

man unification but views such

a perspective now as obsolete in

view of the fact that their opposition is overtaken by the overwhelming German decision to unify their country come what may. The Greens therefore seek only to slow down the process than to prevent it. Besides, their political clout has diminished lately anyway and any outright swimming against the current is viewed as bad politics. In talking with the Greens; I was astonished to hear also that they too have their "fundamental" syndrome which is fighting a silent battle with the reformed Greens over whether the party should transcend their traditional boundary of concern over environmental issues to other social and political issues. Thus on the issue of German unification the influence of the Green party is marginal for all intents and purposes. And as long as they are losing ground in German elections and continue to be locked in an inner battle, the voice of the Greens on how to proceed with the unity question would indeed remain neg-

ligible:
The outcome of my brief sejour to German was to shatter my earlier confirmed belief that unlike other peoples of the earth especially Jordanians, the German people are one homogeneous people united in purpose and ideology. My trip to that country made clear to me that the Germans are like all other peoples of the earth including Jordanians who have their own brand of inner divisions and even prejudices. For example the northerners in Germany view themselves as different from the southerners and point to their superior accent and quality of life to prove their point. The Germans reminded me of my own people when my German companion pointed out to me that the German accent that we are hearing from the next group of German sitting across from us in the coffee shop is so distingmishable that it would be easy to tell that they come from Berlin or Bonn! The moral of the German trip is that people are people no matter where one

By Waleed Sadi

Still there is something that is special about the Germans: They are kind, gentle and friendly people. Most impressive about them is that they are not intoxicated by the rediscovery of their strength and are not flag-hoisting people bragging about the rise of new united Germany. I felt confident that the Germans of today are modest people who just want to live freely and enjoy their economic strength rather than their political or military ones.

India's V.P. Singh still an enigma after six months

By Bill Tarrant

NEW DELHI - Six months after becoming prime minister of the world's largest democracy Vishwanath Pratap Singh appears a mystifying hamlet-like figure solitary, indecisive and nearly inscrutable.

He took office in December after running a populist campaign that inflicted a stunning election eat on Raiiv Gandhi and India's long-ruling Congress Party. Singh said then he had never wanted the job. This week he

seemed to be saying it again. "If V.P. Singh goes the heavens won't fall," he told reporters on a flight back from Kuala Lumpur where he had attended a summit of developing

Singh said he was in favour of creating a national government of all political parties if they could reach a consensus on the major

"It is only in the event of either war or a most grave national crisis that one starts exploring the possibility of a national government," a Western diplomat said. "It is a measure of Singh's despair or courage to broach the

idea now." Others said the proposal, roundly rejected by his own party as well as by the opposition, was vintage V.P. Singh — taking a proposal by his critics and making

his own. Singh, 59, who often says politics is the "art of managing con-

have been living for ages "injustice"?

fait accompli?

international community?

Name withheld upon request

LETTERS

The meaning of 'injustice'

IN HIS statements in both Jordan and Saudi Arabia, Mr. Douglas

Hurd, the British foreign secretary, equated the existence of Jews

in the Soviet Union with settlement of Jews, in Palestine on lands

occupied by Israel in 1967. Is it not ironic to call the existence of the Jewish citizens in their own country, where they and their ancestors

Mr. Hurd was good enough to also call settlement of Jews in the occupied lands "injustice." If that what he thinks of the settlement

on lands that do not belong to the Jews, why then his government

and that of the United States, have for years been pressuring

Moscow to release the Jews? Did they not know that Israel

intended to settle them in the occupied territories in order to create

Did not these big powers know that the settlement of Jews in the

occupied territories will be at the expense of the original

inhabitants. Do not they see what the Israeli authorities have been

doing in the occupied territories in defiance of all U.N. and Security Council resolutions and also against the wish of the

Nevertheless, we must be thankful for Mr. Hurd, who at least had the courage to say at the top of his voice that the settlement of

Jews in the occupied territories is "injustice". But is this enough

from a senior British minister, whose country, as he very well

knows, is primarily responsible for the turmoil which has been

going on in the area since the issuance of the Balfour Declaration in

As a matter of fact, what we need now is "action" and not words,

and it is incumbent upon the British government to do everything

in its power to put an end to this tragic situation. Now that all the

Arab countries, including the PLO are prepared to recognise Israel within agreed and secured boundaries, the job will obviously be

tradictions." faces a variety of on the rise. grave and complex issues from an inherently weak position.

supporters of German unifica-

He heads a minority government that survives only with the parliamentary support of two groups that detest each other the Hindu revivalist Bharatiya Janata Party on the right and avowedly secular Communist parties on the left.

Singh's Janata Dal party, which he formed two years ago, is an amalgam of socialists, peasants, landed gentry and former Congress Party members whose leaders distrust each other.

A Muslim campaign against Indian rule in the northern state of Jammu and Kashmir bas erupted into full-blown revolt.

The uprising has brought India and Pakistan to the brink of war, with Islamabad denying Delhi's accusations that it is arming and training Kashmiri militants. India and Pakistan have fought two of their three wars over Kashmir.

A violent Sikh campaign for a homeland in neighbouring Punjab state has worsened. More than 1,350 people have been killed so far this year compared with 1,800 in the whole of 1989.

Another secessionist movement in the northeastern state of Assam has killed at least 90 peo-

ple since January. The wholesale price index is rising at an annualised rate of eight per cent and is even higher for sugar, tea and edible oil, staples for poorer urban Indians. Caste and communal conflict is

Fundamentalist Hindus have vowed to begin building a temple by the end of June on the site of a 16th century mosque in Singh's home sate of Uttar Pradesh - a campaign which has already trig- trying to make an art out of not gered bloody rioting between Hindus and Muslims.

Germany: The trouble is com-

pounded by fact that many East

Germans have acquired subsi-

dised legal and economic rights

Yet Singh's popularity remains high among the 820 million people of this multi-lingual and culturally diverse country, diplomats and political analysts said.

"Singh down-marketed himself from the very beginning to deflate high expectations," said one Asian diplomat.

"He is quite happy to be seen as weak, vacillating, politically insecure for the time being," said political commentator Pritish

"It gives him exactly the range of options he seeks.' Singh himself has often said he

wants the country "to move from personalised politics to issuebased politics. In India, politics is often vit-

riolic. Its shifting alliances, plots and counter-plots, and theatrical

gestures seem more the stuff of soap operas than the soap box. Singh has sought to stay behind the scenes of the melodrama, exercising power and to debunk India's reverence for personalised

"The process has started where the... prime minister is not going to be equated with the nation." Singh told the respected news magazine India Today in an interview last week.

"The nation has already paid too heavy a political price for that sort of concept," said Singh, who resigned from Rajiv Gandhi's cabinet in 1987 charging government corruption.

Until December the Nehru dynasty -- India's first Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru, his daughter Indira Gandhi and her son Rajiv - had ruled India for all but two years since independence from Britain in 1947.

Singh last week ordered state-



many news clips about him. Earlier this year, he ordered bureaucrats not to hang his picture in

their offices. But Singh does have an image.

run television to stop showing so He is popularly known by the aristocratic title of "Raja Sahib." The adopted son of a minor princely family, he distributed the family estate to poor farmers

when he came of age.

Mutt'n'Jeff



Andy Capp







Peanuts







Education: The key to solving water problems

By Charles F. Hunter USIA Staff Writer

WASHINGTON - Noting that 25:000 children die every day from causes directly related to water scarcity and pollution, the chairman of the upcoming Global Water Policy and Technology summit said that information and attitudes, not ecosystem conditions, matter most in meeting the world's water needs. "The main chalenge is political," Dr. Joyce R. Starr told interlocutors in Cairo and Alexandria last week during a Worldnet dia-

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The summit, scheduled to be held in Cairo on June 24-27, will bring together decisionmakers from over 40 African nations to discuss sustainability of water sources (including the Nile, Niger, and Senegal River basins, Lake Chad, and various aquifers), desalination, irrigation, and desertification. A non-profit research institute. the Global Strategy Council, is sponsoring what it terms "an ambitious attempt to galvanise international cooperation at the highest political levels."

Leon Awerbuch, who will be a summit panelist, joined Starr in USIA's Worldnet studios. Awerbuch is chairman of the International: Desalination Association and manager for Desalination and Power in the

Bechtel Group. Inc. In a separate interview with USIA, Starr spoke in greater detail about concrete results she anticipates from the summit. At least four tangible signs of progress should emerge from Cairo, she said. First, there is expected to be an African Water Declaration,

signed by representatives of all nations in attendance, whose content should be taken seriously." She pointed out that the mere fact of bringing together officials - particularly those from countries sharing a river basin - will be a second means of promoting dialogue and cooperation. A report by the Global Strategy Council to donor governments is also expected to focus attention on concerns over water.

But Starr was most excited about the fourth item on her list: the announcement of two scholarships for education of rural people in basic water technology. Rafik Hariri, a Saudi-Lebanese businessman, financed the grants, each of which will be named for important contributors to progress

on water issues. One, intended for women, will honour the late Lillian Carter, mother of former President Jimmy Carter. "Miss Lillian" travelled to many developing nations as part of her commitment to solving the daunting problems that beset them. The Carter Centre, at Emory University in Atlanta, is credited with a major role in eliminating Guinea worm from

drinking water in Africa. The identity of the other honoree will be announced in Cairo.

This move to educate Africans - women and men alike — who can in turn teach others, meshes with the Global Strategy Council's desire to see information about water penetrate "from the basic grass roots to the highest levels," with focuses "from macro to micro." Starr said.

She also indicated that some education needs to take place

in the U.S. and elsewhere. The problem, I think, in the West is that when we think of Africa we think of drought, and so the common assumption is that there's not much you can do about drought," she said. "But in fact Africa's problems related to water go far beyond drought ... Both the West and the developing world are suffering from severe

water pollution. During the Worlduet dialogue, Starr was quick to point out that the gathering in Egypt will not be a scientific or technical conference. "So many of those are held each year," she said. "This is a summit ...and we do hope that (those in attendance) will go much beyond the technical issues."

At the same time, she said, she agreed with a representative from the Egyptian Embassy who told her that "we should be holding the summit for the farmers of Egypt and not for the politicians." Women, as the region's waterbearers, and children must be educated about hygiene and protecting the water supply, she stated.

Starr maintained that the involvement of the media in these efforts is essential but not sufficient in itself. Low literacy rates and limited access to television and radio limit the influence the media can have. Also, the countries are not presenting a unified front as they deal with water problems. Praising the efforts of Egypt and Turkey's chief executives, she stated that "we must have leaders like President Mubarak and President Ozal ... educating their people from the highest levels of the society."

Water is such a bone of

contention that it could cause an outbreak of war in approximately ten places around the world, most of them in the Middle, East, according to

Political will therefore becomes extremely important in addressing the situation. With domestic and international cooperation to maximise available resources, she said, a number of African nations now suffering from water shortages could "sustain many more times" their current popula-

Even more difficult to overcome than political divisions is the force of tradition, stretching back thousands of years and necessitating what one participant called "deep psychology." Awerbuch cited the use of flood irrigation in Egypt as an example of inefficient water use that has become habitual in areas where scarcity is most critical. Re-use technology could also help matters, he added.

Another basic yet underused approach is desalination, Awerbuch said. He suggested that in countries where water is in especially short supply, desalination is a viable and accepted alternative. The Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) states, he said, have 30 per cent of the world's desalination capabilities; what is needed iseven more funding for research and development.

Pollution from pesticides is a major concern, said Awerbuch, and at present there is no proven and affordable technique to purify water of all organic compounds, Moreover, he continued, "the problem is simple: if you use the very

advanced technology, it's very expensive."
Even more than pesticide

pollution, Awerbuch said, sewage needs to be regarded as the region's top water parity threat. Starr termed the Gaza Strip a "sewage time bomb waiting to explode." And once again, according to Awerbuch, advanced technology, such as the use of ozone rather than chlorine to purify water, is costly and not adaptable to all

Both panelists agreed that, in this era of budget cutbacks, Washington will find itself with less money to spend on water projects abroad. Starr stated that the U.S. Agency for International Development spends

\$1.2 billion a year on water projects, more than USAID spends on any other type of

But she cautioned listeners against depending too heavily on USAID and large scale programmes. "I would say that over the last 20 or 30 years, the approach has been: Let's make projects happen. If there's projects, then we're solving our problems. But the problem of water is not going to be solved only ... by projects, but by better management of what we have available to us," she said. ement of what we

Start expressed hope that the U.S. and other Western nations could transfer scientific know-how, management techniques, and appropriate tech-

nologies to developing nations in Africa and elsewhere, "to maintain their water projects (and) equipment without bringing about a brain drain." A further danger, she fears, is, that developed countries may be compounding the problem

by exporting "mistaken approaches." "We all have much to do," she concluded. Calling non-governmental organisations (NGOs) the "unsung heroes of the Water Decade," Starr said that the United Nations, the agencies it sponsors, and groups like the Global Strategy Council have been the ones most responsible for seeing that the poor have

"No government has the

political power or the mandate to force arbitration" of tough questions over access to water, she told USIA. NGO's, on the other hand, "can do more coaxing" without getting in-

volved in political squabbles. A total of five Global Water Policy and Technology Summits will be convened in coming years. Prince Alfred of Liechtenstein will host the Eastern European Water Assessment Forum prior to a full summit late this year, while President Turgut Ozal of Turkey will personally host the Middle East Summit in Istanbul in 1991. Future summits will concern East Asia and the Pacific region, as well as South

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Smoking — dangerous yet 'profitable'

By Journaus Halasa Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — "I smoke, despite the fact that it is a bad habit;" "cigarettes relax my tension;" I do smoke because there is nothing better to do !! I smoke, but I don't know wind! These are some of the mostbeard comments from smokers.

- But, despite the awareness of the dangers inherent in puffing away nacks and packs ever day, concerted efforts by health authorities and others concerned, anti-smoking activists have done little to bring down the overall number of smokers around the world.

In Jordan, the situation is no different, according to many anti-smoking campaigners, who sought to bring further attention on the issue on the eve of the International Anti-Smoking Day which was marked last

According to Dr. Zuhair Malhas, president of the Jordan Anti-Smoking Society, general peripheral studies indicate that male adults account for anywhere between 50 and 75 per cent of smokers in the Kingdom. The irony is that 50 per cent of all male smokers in Jordan are doctors, who are supposed to be more enlightened of the dangers of smoking than anyone else," said Malhas,

a former health minister. Malhas, who pointed out that

very little systematic study or research on smoking in Jordan has been undertaken because of lack of funds, said indications were that about 40 per cent of the female population of the Kingdom and 20 per cent of female university students were

The former minister, in an interview with the Jordan local-made cigarettes were sold in Jordan every year. No precise figure on the volume of foreign-made cigarettes is available since a good quantity is being smuggled into the country, according to officials.

"I believe that there is not enough awareness and people have not seriously taken the dangerous effects of smoking," said Malhas, who was elected chairman of a pan-Arab Anti-Smoking Council last year.

"Socially, using this drug is an accepted habit," Malhas

Malhas also pointed out that governments were apathetic to efforts to curb smoking because of the "tremendous amounts of revenue involved in selling tobacco products."

He cited as an example England, where the government is estimated to make about £4 billion every year as revenue

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from tobacco products. In Jordan the revenue is ID 60 million, according to Malhas.

'Another factor which stands in the way of any concerted anti-smoking action is the huge advertisement business, which is worth about \$4 billion annually around the world."

Malhas said Maihas said.

In 1977, the Jordanian government banned any advertisement of cigarettes in any kind has been little effect in terms of reduced smoking, according to

"I feel very sorry that Radio Monte Carlo (which is widely listened to in the Arab World) everyday carries Arabic-language advertisements for cigarettes," Malhas said. He said that while such advertisements in French are banned under French law, the radio freely carries the Arabio-lan-

guage ads.
"In addition, the radio also encourages youngsters to smoke by offering cash incentives for those who send 10 empty packets of a certain kind of cigarettes," Malhas com-

plained.
"We have to find a way to fight this dangerous menace of smoking that threatens the human race," Malhas said. "We should adopt united action from doctors and government."

"Time is on our side, the developed countries are awaie of this problem but only the Third World still has not taken serious steps due to the poverty and the bad economic situation," Malhas said.

"I am for every effort that discourage and prevent people from smoking. We have to admit that the Jordanian government plays an important role," Malhas said. He targed health professionals and the government to cooperate and take serious action because "till now there is no support in action or reaction from both

Malhas suggested that medical schools can participate by teaching its students the dangerous effects of smoking on health. According to Malhas, only

seven per cent of doctors sinche in the U.S. compared 50 per cent who smoke in Jordan.

"Teachers and parents are good examples, but unfortunately they frequently snicke. So how can we ask people to quit smoking when we give bad examples," Malhas asked.

"We are not asking for mira-cles; we are asking for discouragement of tobacco familing and trade of cigarettes, and it can't be done without proper laws," Malhas said.

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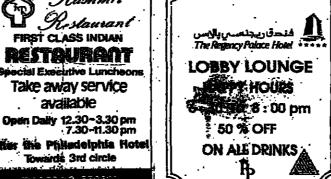


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Oteiba sees no need for **OPEC quotas in 1991**

By Nadim Kawash Reuter

ABU DHABI - United Arab Emirates (UAE) Oil Minister Mana Said Al Óteiba, in his latest 1,600-page book published recently, said the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) will not need restrictive output quotas as of next year.

"I see 1991 as an important and crucial year that will satisfy the minimum level of OPEC states' ambitions for (OPEC) production will reach 25 million barrels per day (bpd), Oteiba said in his latest book called "Oil and the UAE Economy.

The UAE's oil minister since 1974, he is now the longest serving oil chief within the 13-member group.

Oteiba, 44, a researcher and poet, had lived through OPEC's recent history from the time the group dictated prices to the market in early 1980s to the oil price collapse

"At this point (1991) there will be no need for OPEC to set an output ceiling and allocate quotas, especially as most members have reached their maximum production within the current ceiling of around 22 milion bpd."

OPEC assigns output quotas to its members to keep oil market prices at check. although most of the time the limits are flouted.

UAE had rejected its 1.095 million bpd limit at OPEC's 1989 November meeting in Vienna, opting instead to produce around two million. At that meeting the UAE was 'verbally' asked to produce at two million bpd, Oteiba says in his book.

"OPEC has assigned a random quota for the UAE and this is a unique phenomenon and unprecedented in OPEC history," Oteiba said in his

"This is a firm fact and will remain so until OPEC agrees on a fair quota that matches the UAE's oil and economic potentials.

Although there are no plans at present to take full control of the oil industry in the UAE, the country in future may take steps to nationalise the foreign companies operating in the country Oteiba said.

"Concerning the future of its relationship with the foreign oil companies, the UAE at present sees that it should keep them as partners in the oil

industry," the oil minister said. "But in the near future, it might find that it should take a crucial decision in this respect. It could have no choice but to follow the example of other oil exporting countries which have opted for full control of their oil industry."

A number of foreign oil companies from the United States, Europe and Japan are operating as equity holders in the UAE, most of the time holding minority shares in the producing firms. Oteiba put the UAE's crude

oil reserves at 233.7 billion barrels, 116.8 billion of which are recoverable. The emirate of Abu Dhabi - where Oteiba comes from - is the biggest producer in the federation and owns 109.8

billion barrels of the recover-

able reserves, the minister said. Oteiba said its was difficult to make forecasts about oil prices, but said OPEC has learned its lessons when prices rose too high during the two

"oil shocks" in 1974 and 1979-



High oil prices had caused a sharp decline in world crude demand as consumers switched. to alternative sources of

He said \$18 per barrel minimum target price for OPEC was reasonable until the end of 1989, and he expected this target to be gradually increased to \$20 by 1991 as demand for crude oil grew,

"It is important that we balance between the price and wresting a reasonable market share that could be easily divided among OPEC members so each one will produce the minimum level acceptable to it and abide by its quota,' Oteiba wrote.

Fed not ready to ease interest rates

By Donna Smith Reuter

WASHINGTON — United States stock and bond markets, buoyed recently by expectations of a cut in interest rates, may have to wait a couple of months before the Federal Reserve is prepared to loosen its grip on the supply of credit.

Most economists canvassed by Reuters believed the markets' outlook was well-founded, but they added that the central bank's policymakers would probably wait for more numbers to confirm the economy was in fact slowing down, and more importantly, until they felt inflation was under

U.S., Mexico eye

WASHINGTON (AP) — Presi-

dent George Bush and Mexican

President Carlos Salinas de Gor-

tari have decided to open nego-

tiations to reach a U.S.-Mexican

free trade agreement (FTA).

Bush and Salinas planned to

meet Sunday night, laying the

groundwork for a formal

announcement of their decision

Completion of a free trade agreement could take years but,

by the White House Monday.

if successful, it would bring all of

North America — 335 million

people — into a single market

free of tariffs and most non-tariff

Mexico could join the free

The officials, asking not to be

trade zone established between

the United States and Canada

identified, said preparatory dis-

cussions among experts from the

two sides will begin shortly with

an eye toward getting formal

negotiations under way by the

time of the next Bush-Salinas

meeting in December in Mon-

the White House Sunday night

without aides. Secretary of State

James Baker will meet with Sali-

Salinas, who will address a

gathering of business executives

Monday evening, is making his

visit at a time of unusual harmony

in Mexican-American relations.

ments over Central America pro-

duced deep cross-border hos-

recently was the U.S.-orches-

During the 1980s, disagree-

The only significant setback

nas Monday morning.

The two presidents will dine at

barriers.

terrey.

two years ago.

according to U.S. officials.

free trade accord

"I wouldn't expect an easing just yet," said Martin Regalia, an economist with the National Council of Savings Institutions. Stock and bond markets soared

last week after weaker than expected employment data for May raised hopes that the Federal Reserve, or the Fed, would move quickly to ease rates. "My feeling is that while the

markets are right, they are clearly early," said Donald Rataiczak. director of economic forecasting at Georgia State University.

The policymaking Federal Open Market Committee is scheduled to meet July 2. It is not expected to move on rates at that

Carlos Sardinas de Gortari

Administration officials have

consistently praised Salinas for

what they regard as his courage

in confronting Mexico's acute drug smuggling problem and in

attempting to reverse eight years

In recent years, Mexico has

moved decisively to modernise its

economy, selling off hundreds of

resource-draining state enter-

prises and joining the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade

(GATT). The latter move has led

to significant trade liberalisation.

totals about \$52 billion, but ex-

perts consider this figure to be far

Salinas, who took office in De-

cember 1988, initially was cool to

the idea of a free trade pact but

since has become a strong propo-

After the Mexican Senate gave

Salinas approval last month to

seek an FTA with the United

States, he said, "Mexico will not

be left out of the new world

configuration. The speed of the

changes requires decisive answers

Many Mexicans have been con-

cerned that the United States,

with its more developed eco-

nomy, would overwhelm Mexico

under an FTA. But those fears

have gradually abated, and much

of the remaining opposition is

confined to Mexican labour un-

A recent report by the Herit-

age Foundation, a conservative

think tank, said a U.S.-Mexican

FTA would offer the "best hope

for Mexico to join the ranks of

Many Mexican products cur-

rently are denied access to U.S.

markets, including steel, textiles

and some agricultural goods.

the world's prosperous coun-

on all fronts, in all markets."

Two-day U.S.-Mexican trade

of economic decline.

below the potential.

meeting, although by then the Federal Reserve will have seen May figures for producer and consumer prices.

Economists suggested the Federal Reserve might want another month of data after May to make sure the economy was slowing, because warm weather skewed some numbers earlier this

NEWS ANALYSIS

Fear of inflation is still a major factor in the Federal Reserve's decision-making process, economists say.

"The Fed is not going to move

until it gets full confirmation that inflation is coming down," said Mickey Levy, chief economist with First Fidelity Bancorp in Philadelphia.

Consumer price inflation ran at an averag year-on-year rate of 6.8 per cent in the first four months of 1990. But the April index showed signs that inflation was moderating from extraordinary levels in January, February and

Ratajczak said congressional elections in early November presented another factor likely to influence the Fed.

"This is where politics really comes into play," he said.

Iran opens trade fair in Lebanon

BAALBEK, Lebanon' (AP) Iran opened one of its largest ever trade fairs to the public Sunday to underscore its support of Lebanese Shi'ites, an Iranian official said.

The official, identified only as Zaferian, a deputy minister of commerce, told the inaugural ceremony that the volume of goods on display and the number of companies taking part in this fair "indicate the special concern that officials in Iran feel for the Muslims of Lebanon.'

The exhibition took up a sevenstory building still underconstruc-

tion plus surrounding empty lots. Zaferian said 180 companies took part in the exhibition, the third in Lebanon since the Islamic republic was established in 1979. Last year, he said, only 70 firms contributed to the fair in Beirut.

shipped in 100 containers, he A banner, saying in English: "We do export the best, try us,"

The goods on display were

welcomed visitors on the first floor. The Islamic republic's cultural

department contributed a whole floor to the fair, comprising a bookshop, a children's libarary and a video room screening Iranian films.

In one of the English-language illustrated children's books, called "The Footprints of Blood," the soul of a martyr invites youngsters to follow in his footsteps.

It concludes: "And now, if you want to find me, you should come to the warfronts, borders and inside the barriers, so you would see how I spout out of the pure hearts of youngsters, old men, guards and soldiers for the preservation of Islam."

The surprise was a selection of wedding gowns with plunging necklines and some off-theshoulder party outfits with prices ranging from \$200 to \$600. Next was a stand displaying women underwear in shocking pink and

"We're not backward," commented a chador-clad Hizbollah woman, to a group of visibly surprised reporters." We also

wear such dresses but under the

Some of the other expensive items in the fair were the handwoven silk carpets, with a 1.5 metre-long carpet selling for \$2,200, and caviar at \$250 a kilog-

Lebanon is the only country outside Iran where the late Ayotollah Ruhollah Khomeini's brand of Shi'ite Muslim fundamentalism has taken roots. Lebanon's 1.2 million Shi'ites, making up the country's largest single sect, have long languished at the bottom of the social ladder.

Iran backs Hizboliah, or Party of God, an extremist faction that advocates the establishment of an Iran-style Islamic state in Leba-

Some 2,500 Iranian Islamic Revolutionary Guards are based in Baalbek, an ancient Roman-built city in east Lebanon's Bekaa valley. Baalbek is Hizbollah's main stronghold.

Iran's ampassador to Svria. Mohammad Hussein Akhtari, and a representative in the Tehran Command of the Revolutionary Guards, Sheikh Alireza Imani, attended the inaugura-

Akhtari said that the aim of such fairs was to "give support and help to the oppressed people in the world, especially our Muslim people."

'We will fill Islamic markets with the products of the Islamic republic and Islamic nations, khtari added.

He said trade should be encouraged among Muslim nations so that "we will not have to extend our hands to the colonialists and the enemies of Islam." a reference to Western powers.

Iranian radicals oppose Iranian President Hashemi Rafsanjani's efforts to mend ties with the West to attract badly needed foreign investment and technology.

In his speech, Zaferian praised Rafsanjani's \$112 billion fiveyear reconstruction plan, saying the merchandise on display was "a sample of the enormous success of this economic policy." He called Rafsanjani "one of Khomeini's best students.'

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR MONDAY JUNE 11, 1990 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

tunately it is possible to think of the other fellow today rather than being so wrapped up in and preoccupied with your own little in-terests. Avoid making any mistakes you can't live with.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) You have a specific course of action to carry through with but seem to have something happen to switch these around to some nonproductive plan. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) No

day to try to push yourself to express your talents for there are apt to be many unexpected conditions that arise to postpone wise action. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21)

Your home can be a veritable donnybrook if you get involved in any discussions there and if other family members do, keep discreetly out of it. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

July 21) It is advisable that you use care in motion, on the highway or in any other sudden movements today so caution should be your LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Take

some time out to see what you can do to save instead of yielding to your usual generous impulses to spend and you have money when you need it.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) You are discontented and want

GENERAL TENDENCIES: For- to make some sudden and drastic changes in conditions as they are

> be unwise to do so. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Consider well what your drawbacks and limitations are and make a point now to be impersonal and cheerful in working them out so

now in effect about you but would

they are gone. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) A combative argument with a usual companion could have some intermittent difficult times following so don't speak that sar-

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) In the world of outside activity you now need to be as wise as the serpent and as harmless as the dove or you lose considerable amount of good will. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) You are dying to get off to some new interests or persons but would be wise today and evening to stick to proven persons

AOUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) You want to dispute some obligations or point of view but either go along as things are or postpone until a more propitious moment to settle.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) You now would be wise to nstakingly carry through with whatever agreements you have made with any other person and avoid any new situations.

THE Daily Crossword by James V. Schick

1 Picturesqu 7 Old Eng. coins 15 Aha!

18 Comp maker 19 Undertaking 20 Oriental

22 Understand 23 Previous to 24 Snuff 25 Ducks

27 Annulled 29 Baba and 30 Use 33 Man or

37 Certain epoch 38 Frankie of

song 39 USA part: 40 Top-notes 44 Locating

"To every LOOS 47 First st. 49 Make 9 Pita bread

51 Alphabet run 11 Hat 52 Brooklyn 12 Lunch dis Bridge's John 13 Aristocrac 54 Prying 14 Accented 56 Actress Saint 21 Decorated 11 Hat 12 Lunch dish 13 Aristocracy 57 Main course 58 Those who try 24

59 They ply with DOWN 1 Irish dog 2 Arrow

26 Breadwinner Image ma

SILE DER REO RED 35 Cool quaffs

roost 34 Russ.

4 Head-

5 Mamie's man 6 Make into a

> 43 Orations of a 36 Of weight 38 Printed matter 45 Leg race 50 Discharge 51 WWII craft counts
> 40 Dragon slain
> by Sigurd
> 41 Regard highly 53 Eng. Drs.'

- -

Yesterday's Pazzle Suived:



"My boss is out of town today.

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob I as

by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words. BETER DICAR CHOTEL POLITICAL JOKES AREN'T ALWAYS. FUNNY, ESPECIALLY WHEN THEY --INGEEN Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon. Answer here: (Answers tomorrow) Jumbles LOOSE NOISE CABANA SALUTE Yesterday's

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES Saturday, June 9, 1990

Answer: What the lather of ten girls said when yet another arrived—ALAS — A LASS

Central Bank official rates Sell 674.0 1128.3 1135.1

U.S. doll Pound Sterli Deutscheman Swiss franc 397.0 465.0

Japanese yen (for 100) 436.5 439.1 Datch guilder 350.8 352.9 Swedish crown 109.6 110.3 Italian fira (for 100) 53.7 54.0 Belgian franc (for 10) 192.3 193.5

ECONOMIC NEWS IN BRIEF 'Oman plays stabilising role'

Algeria to cut inflation

ALGIERS (R) - Algeria will halve last year's inflation rate of 30 per cent in 1990, Algeria Radio on Sunday quoted Economy Minister Ghazi Hedouci as saying. The radio said the minister told a news conference Saturday night that the government's anti-inflation battle was beginning to bear fruit and inflation this year would only average 15 per cent. Thirty per cent is the highest yet given by the government for 1989. A planning council report previously gave it as 13 per cent. The government has curbed monetary growth, cracked down on black market trade, boosted tax collection and maintained subsidies on basic goods in a bid to control inflation.

Cuban-Soviet trade talks end

optimism about future economic ties to Cuba as he finished four days of high-level talks here, a Cuban newspaper said Saturday. "I believe that during my stay here I have not only preserved the optimism with which I came, but my convictions have been consolidated," the official Communist Party newspaper Granma quoted Soviet Foreign Economic Relations Minister Konstantin Katushev as saying, shortly before his departure late Friday. Katushev said any problems "in the economic collaboration between our countries will be successfully resolved," Granma said. Katushev and Cuban Foreign Trade Minister Ricardo Cabrisas signed a protocol at the airport summarising the week's work sessions, begun Tuesday, the newspaper said. Earlier this week Soviet diplomatic sources who asked not to be identified said the officials would discuss how to adapt Cuban-Soviet trade to reforms agreed within the Soviet-led trading bloc COMECON. COMECON, the Council for Mutual Economic Assistance, decided last January to shift gradually towards trade based on convertible currency and world market prices.

HAVANA (R) - A senior Soviet trade official expressed

Ministry of Public Works and Housing Government Tenders Directorate Central Tenders announcement

Local Contractors Classified in the field of Buildings and willing to participate in the following Tenders are requested to purchase tender documents from the Government Tenders Directorate/ Ministry of Public Works and Housing starting June, 7th 1990 according to the following:-

The Project is partially financed by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development and Japan.

 Construction of Hay Ma'asoam school Buildings, Area (4450 m²). 31/90 200 JD 2. Construction of Prince Abdallah school

3. Construction of Quirieh School Build-Second Construction of Ramtha Preliminary 125 JD School Buildings, Area (3640 m²)

d. Last date for Purchase of Tender Documents on July, 8th 1990,
 e. Financial offers shall be Submitted to the Government Tenders

Directorate before 13.30 local time on Sat. the 21st of July 1990.

Work load will be Considered in awarding.

Chairman, Central Tenders Committe Government Tenders Directorate.

Ministry of Public Works and Housing Government Tenders Directorate Central Tenders announcement

NICOSIA (R) — A state-run newspaper in Muscat said Sunday

Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) members to establish

stability in the oil market. The daily newspaper Oman said: "The

sultanate's effective policy of working continuously on maintain-

ing stability in international oil prices... has confirmed the

collective nature of responsibility in stopping the (oil price)

slide." The official Omani News Agency, monitored in Cyprus,

said oil minister said Al Shanfari had reiterated Omani's position by calling on all OPEC and non-OPEC oil producers to cooperate

in stabilising oil prices. OPEC agreed at an emergency session of

talks last month, to limit oil output to just over 22 million barrels

per day in an attempt to reverse a sharp drop in oil prices this year. The newspaper advised oil-producing countries to comply with OPEC's and "other rational calls" to control oil prices.

ISLAMABAD (R) - Pakistan and China signed an agreement at

the weekend for Chinese aid and technology in building tanks and joint development of a main battle tank. China's North Industrial

Corporation agreed to help Pakistan progressively take over the

manufacture of Chinese T-69 and T-85-11 tanks and to collabo-

rate in the design of a new tank, a government statement said.

Pakistan rolled out its first locally assembled tank, a modernised

version of the Chinese T-69, in March and said then that it would

begin full-scale production in December. It also put on show a

locally built armoured recovery vehicle and armoured personnel

carrier. Last year Pakistan abandoned plans to buy the American

Abrams tank, claiming it was unsuitable for the hot, desert

conditions where armour battles are likely to be fought in a

future war with its traditional foe, India.

Pakistan, China sign pact on tanks

led previous

Local Contractors Classified in the field of Buildings and willing to participate in the following Tenders are requested to purchase tender documents from the Government Tenders Directorate/ Ministry of Public Works and Housing starting June, 7th 1990 according to the following:-

a. The Project is partially financed by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development and Japan.

Description of Tender

Construction of Awjan school Buildings, Area (3370 m²) 150 JD first and 2. Construction of Prince Talal School Buildings Area (3640 m²). Construction of North Marka 150 JD first and School Buildings, Area (4400 m²).

Construction of West Nuzha School Buildings, Area (4400 m²):

. Work load will be Considered in awarding.

Last date for Purchase of Tender Documents on July, 8th 1990.

Financial offers shall be Submitted to the Government Tenders. Directorate before 13,30 local time on Wed, the 1st of August 1990.

Chairman, Central Tenders Committe Government Tenders Directorate.

Tender

trated kidnaping in April of a Mexican doctor wanted in the 1985 murder of a U.S. drug enforcement administration agent in Mexico

A CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF T

Go and Go upsets Unbridled, posts victory in Belmont Stakes look ahead seeks good start

Irish-bred Go and Go flew here on the cheap this week but there was nothing low-rent about his eight-length victory in the 1-1/2mile Belmont Stakes Saturday.

23 to October are and make them one as the as them one as the as t

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Opening lead: Jack of Anyone can win tricks with aces

and kings. What makes the expert

seem like a magician is the way spot

The key to the auction was North's

bid of four diamonds. By launching

into Blackwood, then confirming that North-South held all the aces.

South showed interest in a grand

slam, yet sertled in a small slam on

South had a difficult hand to bid.

cards are put to work.

· 🖈 :A 9

Pass Pass

3 4 Pass 4 NT Pass

5 NT Pass

Cinema

Go and Go justified his name as he came down the stretch and whisked by Thirty Six Red and Baron de Vaux who had been battling each other for most of the race over the fast dirt track. Thirty Six Red, A.7-2 choice.

known for his early speed, and Baron de Vaux, a 65-1 heavy longshot, exchanged lead place several times in the race and continued to battle each other up to the stretch when Go and Go ran away from them.

Thirty Six Red finished second and Baron de Vaux was third in the 122nd running of the race, the third leg of the Triple Crown series for three year olds.

Kentucky Derby winner Unbridled, the even-money favourite, was fourth in the nine-horse field, more than 12 lengths off the pace. Unbridled appeared ready to challenge going into the last turn. but did not have enough left and fell back.

The winner left them all behind as he headed straight for the finish — a trip that contrasted with his earlier itinerary.

Go and Go travelled for 20 hours this week just to get here. He was shipped to New York through Paris because that was the cheapest flight available.

PARIS (AP) — Andres Gomez

won his first grand slam singles

title, and the one he wanted

most, beating Andre Agassi for

the French Open men's cham-

Ending 10 years of frustration

on the clay courts of Paris,

Gomez used a variety of tactics

for a 6-3, 2-6, 6-4, 6-4 victory over the flashy Agassi, who never was

able to take control and let goi-

den opportunities in the third and

Agassi had 40-15 for a 5-4 lead

in the third, but Gomez used

backhand power and his oppo-

nents errors to break for 5-4

instead and then serve out the

In the fourth set, after Comez

broke for a 2-1 lead and held for

fourth sets slip away

pionship Sunday.

(Ireland) in a box, flew from Shannon to Paris because it was the cheapest way to go and he got a lift on a cargo plane to here," Go and Go trainer Dermot Weld

Unbridled tempered his disappointment by picking up a fair consolation prize --- a milliondollar bonus for best finishes in the Triple Crown races, which also includes the Preakness.

Unbridled beat Summer Squall in the Derby, but lost to him in the Preakness. Summer Squall did not race Saturday. Including Saturday's fourth-

place finish, Unbridled has finished off the board in just two of his 13 career races.

Unbridled ran without the diuretic lasix — claimed by some to reduce bleeding from the lungs. Carl Nafzger, his trainer, said after the race that Unbridled had not bled.

Go and Go, the second Irishbred winner of the Belmont after Cavan in 1958, travelled the fast dirt track in two minutes 27 and

1/5 seconds. Go and Go won \$411,600. Second place was worth \$150,920, third \$82,320 and fourth \$41,160.

Go and Go will be flown back home Tuesday but is scheduled to return in August for the milliondollar Travers Stakes in Saratoga. Go and Go's jockey Michael Kigane, the Irish champion jock-

service games at love and had a

break point to tie it 4-4 on a

backhand passing shot down the

But Gomez held serve on two

service winners and an open-court

backhand volley, and came back

from 15-30 in the 10th game with

the help of three big forehands.

on match point. It rifled past

Agassi and into the corner.

Gomez jumped for joy, thrusting

The Ecuadoran flag waved

proudly in the crowd, salutely the

nation's first grand slam cham-

pion. And Gomez then held aloft

the trophy he had tried for so

moment. It's been too long,"

"I was always dreaming of this

both fists in the air.

long to take.

The last of the forebands was

Gomez wins French Open

"He went down to Shannon ey since 1984, said he kept his horse under a tight rein because Go and Go appeared anxious and Kinane feared he would burn out

in the early stages of the race. "Once we turned and moved up close to the heels (of the leaders) I was travelling very sweet at that point," Kinane said. "He looked around a little bit in

"I had hoped to sit nice and handy and tuck in close and get the lead," Kinane said, adding that Go and Go was wearing blinkers Saturday because he "didn't concentrate at all in his last race at bome on the grass." Weld said he brought his horse bere Wednesday because it is best

front, but he handled it well."

as possible. "It's to do with the climatisation. I don't know exactly (why) but that's the way it works," said

to ship a horse as close to the race

Go and Go won the Laurel Futurity in Maryland last October on dirt and the "only reason we sent him there was because it was cheap (to send him there)," said Weld, who had worked on Belmont's backstretch in the 1960s and early 1970s as a veterinarian.

"I always wanted to have a horse come back here and win the Belmont," he said.

Weld raised a few evebrows after the race by saying Go and Go was a "very solid horse, but back home we wouldn't call him a super horse.

Agassi, who clashed with ten-

nis hierarchy over his neon-bright

outfits and designer stubble dur-

ing the tournament, said Gomez "played great the whole week

Gomez is a mild-mannered 30-

year-old, a family man who im-

mediately fetched his wife and

son in the first moments of

In the 2½ hour match on a cool

day he argued line calls,

screamed at himself on mistakes

and pumped his fists when win-

ners came with increasing fre-

ing. Very quiet high class district.

quency late in the match.

and he deserves it."

against the American squad.

"Exactly one year ago, I was on the Juventus team that won 2-0 against the U.S. team in Los Angeles," he said. "It was my first game for Juventus, and I was glad that I managed to score in my debut."

refused to predict victory over the underdog U.S. squad. He cited Cameroon's stunning upset of defending champion Argentina in the World Cup opener as a lesson to be learned.

"Actually, the U.S. may turn out to be a more difficult opponent," said defender Riccardo

Italians after win

MARINO, Italy (AP) - Italy's World Cup squad appeared equally relieved Sunday at having won its opening match and being able to rest four days before its

CAGLIARI (R) — England,

beaten in their opening games at both the 1986 World Cup finals

and the European championship

two years later, are determined to

Manager Bobby Robson, speak-

ing at England's last press confer-

ence before the World Cup

Group F clash with Ireland, said

the result would be very impor-

tant in setting up his team's

approach to the rest of the

"We need to get a good base

and we need one of two results. If

we get through it and make a

good start, we will be okay. But if

we get an adverse result, we're up

against it straightaway with the

"We are not afraid of them,

but we need to meet them with

something in the bank. We shall

be looking at two results really.

SALZBURG, Austria (R) —

Shwantz and Wayne Rainey

fought a two-man duel to take the

Schwantz led from pole posi-

tion on a Suzuki to claim his

second successive win of the sea-

son, completing the winding Salz-

burgring course in 88 minutes

21.304 seconds, a split second

ahead of fellow-American

tle, finishing in third place on a

Honda some 24 seconds behind.

trailed Schwantz until the 23rd

lap, pulling ahead for just two

second place and surrendering

three points off his overall world

championship lead. He now has

111 to Schwantz's 87 after six of

Rainey, riding a Yamaha,

But we badly want to win."

tournament.

Dutch to come."

Sunday.

Rainey.

the 15 races

avoid a similar fate Monday.

Robson said his team had vi-

sited the Sant'elia stadium Satur-

day night for a 25-minute private

training session. He said the

floodlights were superb but the

grass on the pitch needed trim-

no serious injury worries, but remained apprehensive about

selecting central defender Mark

Wright who has recovered from a

Robson said he had been im-

pressed by the high standard of

play seen in the tournament so

far, particularly the speed of

Cameroun on the break, and the

"sound and very accomplished"

He again avoided discussing his

selection and said he was banning

all incoming telephone calls to

the England squad at their hotel

for 48 hours from Sunday morn-

month's West German grand

the 4.24-km alpine track, clock-

ing one minute 18.34 seconds at

minute 19.15 seconds while win-

Italy's Luca Cadalora, on a

Yamaha, won the 250cc race, a

distance of 101.88 kms, in 34

minutes 6.908 seconds ahead of

West German Martin Wimmer

points, 12 ahead of Cadalora.

start of the opening 125cc event

but held off, allowing Spaniard

Jorge Martinez to complete the

Martinez pulled out in front

from the start and was only

threatened in the final lap when

Italian Loris Capirossi briefly

American John Kocinski, who

Rain threatened to delay the

ning the Austrian title.

on an Aprilia.

on a Cobas-Rodax.

ricked neck.

Italians.

Schwantz wins Austrian

motorcycling grand prix

World championship rivals Kevin prix, broke his own lap record on

first two positions in the Austrian an average speed of 194.97 KPH.

500cc motorcycling grand prix Last year he set a record of one

Australian Michael Doohan was third on a Yamaha, heads the

was a mere spectator in the bat- world cup standings with 92

laps before slipping back to course in 36 minutes 5.77 seconds

Robson reported that he had

second game. After watching his squad dominate Austria in a 1-0 victory Saturday night, Italian coach Azeglio Vicini said he expected another win Thursday night in a Group A match against the United States in Rome.

"We have to see how the U.S. plays against Czechoslovakia Vicini told a news contonight." ference at the team's training centre outside Rome. "If they give a good account of themselves, then they'll have to deal with us. As things stand now, I'd certainly be disappointed with anything less than a victory against them'

Italy was considered a top contender for the World Cup and bolstered that prediction with its performance against the Au-

"Playing in Italy amid the fans' great expectations, we hope to go Vicini said, "But the resulting tension can even cause us to do worse than we otherwise could have. For now, we're just glad to have gotten two points against an adversary who played so strongly in their last few games.'

Forward Salvador Schillaci, who came in as a second-half substitute and scored the lone goal Saturday, is one of Italy's few players to have competed

Like his teammates, Schillaci

Ferri.

A RESEARCHER IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS AND POLITICAL SCIENCE REQUIRES

Schwantz, victor in last took the lead.

A qualified assistant researcher to help in "carrying out" specialised research topics in the above mentioned fields on part or full time basis/or on temporary assignments

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England manager Czechoslovakia thrashes U.S.

FLORENCE, Italy (AP) — Czechoslovakia outplayed an overmatched United States team to win 5-1 Sunday in its opening Group A match of the World Cup soccer tournament.

Czechoslovakia led 2-0 halftime on goals from striker Tomas Skuhravy in the 26th minute and a 39th minute penalty from Michal

Ivan Hasek made it 3-0 seven minutes into the second half, flicking

home a corner kick with a near post header. The United States hit back with 10 men after forward Eric Wynalda was sent off for a foul, and Paul Caligiuri reduced the deficit

with a fine solo goal in the 61st minute. But Skuhravy made it 4-1 with a header in the 79th minute and Milan Luhovy hit the fifth goal after almost three minutes of injury

The United States, which will host the World Cup in 1994, was making its first appearance in the tournament for 40 years. Its inexperience was obvious and its defence was under pressure for most of the game.

Czechoslovakia and the U.S. are grouped with Italy and Austria in Group A of the 24-nation tournament.

Italy beat Austria 1-0 in Rome on Saturday night. The Czech team dominated virtually from the start of Sunday's game, played before a crowd of 33,226.

goalie Tony Meola stopped an 11th minute shot from Bilek and Miroslav Kadlek fired just over the crossbar a minute later following a well-worked freekick.

Skuhravy's opening goal resulted from good work by Lubomir Moravcic and poor marking. Three U.S. defenders all moved to Moravcic, who crossed delicately from the edge of the penalty area. Skuhravy was completely unmarked and drove the ball low past the helpless Meola.

The Czechoslovaks created chance after chance and moved further ahead in the 40th minute. Defender Mike Windischmann fouled Ivan Hasek in the penalty area and Bilek blasted the ball past Meola on the resulting penalty.

Czechoslovakia moved further ahead six minutes after halftime when Hasek soared high over an immobile U.S. defence to head home a corner kick. Meola, who had crashed into a goalpost on the previous play, did not challenge for the ball.

The agony continued for the U.S. squad — the youngest in the championship - when Wynalda was sent off after being involved in an incident away from the ball.

ANNOUNCEMENT

The French Centre for Studies and Research in the Contemporary Middle East has the regret to inform its guests that the official opening deremony of its reswictions which was due to be held on Tuesday the fath of June 1990 has to be postponed to a further data.



IMMEDIATE VACANCY

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SECRETARY: Female, Jordanian with excellent command of English and Arabic, typing in both languages, and knowledge of word processor preferable. Attractive salary and benefits.

Please apply in person to human resources department with written C.V. between 9 a.m. to 1 p.m.

WAITERS AND WAITRESSES: Preferable with good knowledge of English and experience. Please apply in person for interview to human resources department, between 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.

GOREN BRIDGE

3-1. Agassi held two consecutive Gomez said. "I've been wanting

WITH OMAR SHARIF **01990 Tribunu Media Servicas, Inc.**

Pass Pass

IT'S MAGIC!

Both vulnerable. South deals. learning North held two kings. South was concerned about the NORTH trump suit and North was surely a ♥ K 8 5 3 diamond short for proceeding to a grand slam. 0.A6 **2** 75 West's normal lead of the jack of EAST

clubs was taken in the closed hand ◆ Q865 ♥ J9762 and the play was soon over. Declarer led a low diamond from hand and, when West followed with the four, dummy's six was inserted. That won the trick when East _+ Q 9 6 4 showed out. Declarer cleared the ace ♥ A 4 ♦ K 10 9 8-7 5 3 of diamonds, returned to hand with a spade to cash the king of dia-monds, conceded a diamond to West and claimed the small slam. What looked like a feat of leger-

demain was no more than a safety play. Had East been able to win the first diamond trick the ace and king would have cleared the suit and declarer would have claimed the rest of the tricks. And had West showed out on the first diamond declarer could again have held the enemy to one trick in the suit by rising with the ace and leading a diamond back toward the king, covering any card East might play.

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JORDAN PETROLEUM REFINERY

COMPANY LTD., AMMAN - JORDAN TENDER INVITATION FOR PREQUALIFICATION

AND BIDDING Jordan Petroleum Refinery Co. Ltd., announces tender invitation

No. 4/90 for the supply, erection and commissioning of a skid mounted sulphur recovery unit to recover sulphur from unibon acid gas and waste water stripper unit off gas streams.

The capacity of the proposed sulphur recovery unit is about 18 tonnes of liquid sulphur per day and the project includes the accompanying facilities as well as all civit, mechanical and electrical works related to the new installation.

Contractors who possess experience in the same field and are qualified financially and technically and who wish to participate in the above tender are invited to submit their prequalification documents not later than 12.00 p.m. Saturday 14/7/1990. Prequalification documents should include the following:-

1. Financial capability of the contractor, financial references are to be provided.

Technical capability of the contractor including details of experience and background of personnel, specifications of available equipment, etc.

3. Detailed documents showing similar projects executed by the contractor, fu il names and addresses of firms and details of projects including contract cost, and completion periods.

Results of prequalification shall be announced and advised to participants as soon as they become available.

Tenderers are requested to sign a non-disclosure agreement before receiving the tender documents.

Eligible contractors may obtain tender documents from the company's head office at First Circle, Jabal Amman against non-refundable JD (300) per set not later than 24/7/1990.

Offers should be submitted by qualified contractors to the company's head office not later than 12.00 p.m. Wednesday 17/10/1990.

Invitation for Central Tender No. (35/90) for the Supply of plant and equipment for the Directorate of Maintenance and Traffic/Ministry of Public Works and Housing

Concerned local Companies and those from Countries who are members of the World Bank, Switzerland and Taiwan (China) who are interested to participate in this tender are invited to call on the Government Tenders Directorate starting June 9th, 1990 to Collect Tenders Documents as follows:

1. Description of work:- Supply of plant and equipment for road maintenance, vehicles and sign manufacturing machinery for the Directorate of Maintenance and Traffic/ Ministry of Public Works and Housing, as shown in the Bills of Quantities.

2. The Price of Tender Documents is as follows:-

Quantity Price of Tender Documents/Nonrefundable A. Vibratory Roller B. Asphalt Kettle 25 JD C. Jack Breaker 10 JD D. Welding Machine 10 JD E. Silk Screen Printer 25 JD F. Sheet Metal Printer 15 JD G. Small Dump Trucks 50 JD H. Falling Weight 25 JD Deflectometer N. Transport Trailers 10 JD

3. Last date for purchase of Tenders Documents is June 28th,

4. Tenders Shall be Submitted to the Government Tenders

Directorate not later than 1:30 P.M. on Wed. July 25th, 1990.

Chairman, Central Tenders Committee Director General of Government **Tenders Directorate** Eng. Salim Qdah.

Performances: 3:30, 6:00, 8:30

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Tel: 675571

Performances: 3:30, 6:15, 10:30

Kennedys, Cuomos

joined by marriage

WASHINGTON (R) - Two of

America's most powerful political

families, the Kennedys and the

Cuomos, were joined by mar-riage Saturday. Kerry Kennedy,

tor and presidential candidate Robert Kennedy, exchanged

vows with Andrew Cuomo, 32,

son of New York Governor

Mario Cuomo, one of the Demo-

cratic Party's best-known figures

nationally. The private ceremony was held at St. Matthews Cathed-

ral, the church where the funeral

for the bride's uncle, President

John Kennedy, was held almost

27 years ago. Limousines clored

the streets a half mile from the

White House as Democratic Par-

ty leaders and celebrities in morn-

ing suits joined the 300 friends

and family members for the nup-

tials. Attending were Senator Ed-

ward Kennedy and the bride's

brother, representative Joseph Kennedy Jr, both of Massachus-

setts, the slain president's widow,

Jacqueline Onassis, and New

York Mayor David Dinkins. The

couple, both law school gradu-

ates, were engaged on Valen-

tine's Day and plan to spend their

honeymoon in the Caribbean be-

fore settling in New York City.

blast opens to public

SEOUL, South Korea (AP)

The 1987 mid-air bombing of a

South Korean airliner by alleged

North Korean agents is creating a

new controversy as a feature film

depicting the tragic incident was

shown to the general viewers. The \$2 million film, titled Virgin

Terrorist in English and Mayumi

in Korean, was shown at a down-

town Seoul movie house, follow-

ing a highly publicised premiere attended by 1,200 people, includ-

ing six cabinet ministers. About 1,500 people saw the movie on

the opening day, paying 4,000

won (\$5.70) each, publicists said.

Supporters and fans praised the

movie, made by a maverick South

Korean filmmaker once abducted

to North Korea, as "an artistic,

coup." Critics called it "cheap

anti-Communist propaganda."
"We have strong doubts about a

plan by our company to sign a 100

million won (\$142,000) contract

to show the cheap anti-Commun-

ist movie," said Lee Woo-Ho, a

leader of the Moonhwa Broad-

casting Co. the nation's second-

largest television network. Lee

said his union will fight to block

the contract. The movie, directed

by Shin Sang-Ok, is a

documentary-style film featuring

a self-confessed North Korean

female agent who, along with a

male companion, bombed a

South Korean plane near Burma,

killing all 115 people on board.

Movie on KAL

30, daughter of assass

U.S. jet begins evacuation of Americans from Liberia

MONROVIA (AP) — A U.S.-chartered jet began evacuating Americans from this war-shattered West African nation Sunday, a day after the government and rebels agreed to begin peace talks without an official ceasefire.

"We'll probably lose everything, everything, to looters, said Caroline Jackson, who was returning to Atlanta with her husband, a diamond miner who was still wearing his blue hard

The evacuation began Sunday morning with the departure of a jet carrying 120 people. Two other evacuation flights were

The United States chartered an Air Guinea Boeing 737 to carry evacuating Americans from Monrovia to Abidjan, capital of neighbouring Ivory Coast. There the Americans were to board a Jumbo Jet chartered to fly them to Charleston, South Carolina.

Most of the more than 300 Americans likely to take one of the three flights were women or children. Many were Liberians holding U.S. passports, and roughly a third of those leaving were escorts assigned to aid children on the flights.

MOSCOW (R) — A mass rally planned for Sunday in the capital

of Soviet Kirghizia, swept by a

week of bloody ethnic violence.

has been cancelled, a local televi-

not to hold the meeting," he said

- A. d., 70 he capital, Franze.

al declared to give further de-

More than 100 people have

A state of emergency was de-

Communist Party leaders and de-

manded the resignation of the

republic's leadership within three

days. The ultimatum runs out

Another local television jour-

Moscow Radio reported that

later Sunday.

"The people decided yesterday

sion journalist said.

كأأث

More than 1,000 Americans were expected to remain in the West African country. An estimated 6,000 lived in Liberia before it was engulfed in a tribal war. Several thousand left as the 5-month-old war intensified.

The first negotiations between President Samuel Doe's govern-ment and rebels led by Charles Taylor were to begin Monday at the U.S. embassy in Freetown, Sierra Leone, Liberia's western neighbour.

Though the rebels have refused to accept a church call for a ceasefire, their decision to send a delegation to the Freetown marks a major change in their position. They had been demanding Doe leave Liberia before they would begin talks.

The rebels accuse Doe's administration of corruption, economic mismanagement and human rights abuses. Doe seized power

in a bloody coup in 1980. More than 1,000 people, most-

Kirghizia mass rally cancelled

Taylor began his insurgency Dec.

No major fighting had been reported since Friday, when the government recaptured a rubber plantation 40 kilometres southwest of the capital. But the rebels maintained control of most of the

nation of 2.5 million. Neither side in the war has threatened Americans, and many who live in rural areas have decided to stay. Liberia, founded by freed American slaves, has very close relations with the United

The United States sent four warships, carrying 2,100 Marines, to the Liberian coast in case an emergency evacuation was necessary. Britain also sent two fri-

The Americans boarded the jet at Monrovia's small city airport. The international airport has been closed for more than a week because of fighting between rebels and government forces.

"It is better if she leaves. If I have to run for my life I can't run with her," said Rosalind Towe as she put her 3-year-old daughter. Zanwhea, on the plane.

Deputy Information Minister Moses Washington said the initial to negotiate a ceasefire and the Liberian News Agency (LINA) said the Liberian Council of Churches would act as mediator.

Washington said the government had been told by the Council of Churches that the rebels, who are within 56 kilometres of Monrovia, had agreed to talks without preconditions."

Taylor was in the port of Buchanan, 120 kilometres southeast of Monrovia, where he told journalists of his willingness to negotiate, according to the British Broadcasting Corporation

In Vatican City, Pope John Paul appealed Sunday for peace in Liberia

The Pope asked pilgrims gathered in St. Peter's Square to implore God to bring peace to Liberia which has been suffering a bloody civil war since last De-

He said the fighting had intensified over the past few days and left large numbers of dead and

He appealed for prayers for "all sides to end their fighting and lay down their arms and for the advent of harmony and serenity in that dear African nation."

Bomb at

London

army HQ

injures 17

LONDON (Agencies) — A Brit-

ripped through the roof of the

central London headquaters of

Britain's oldest army unit, had

"all the hallmarks of the IRA."

wanton terrorist attack," he said.

series of attacks on army installa-

tions and personnel in Britain and

continental Europe by the Irish

Republican Army (IRA), which

wants to end British rule in

No one has admitted responsi-

bility for the explosion at the

central London headquarters of

the honourable artillery com-

pany, which dates back hundreds

The building, which is also

used as the headquarters of Bri-

tain's part-time territorial army.

is often used for private parties.

The blast showered glass and

debris on party-goers attending a

21st birthday party.
Guests, all civilians, fled from

the building, some drenched in

blood from lacerations. Most of

the injured were treated in hos-

pital and no one is believed to

getting some drinks when there

was an explosion and a flash of

light," 21-year-old guest Angus

"I was standing at the bar

have been seriously hurt.

Northern Ireland.

of vears.

"It is another indiscriminate

The blast came soon after a



Violence in Bhutto's province raises fears of martial law

ISLAMABAD (AP) - Gang 'us'." a government official said violence in Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto's home province has taken 400 lives in a month, and many Pakistanis fear it endangers their country's brief experiment with democracy.

Bhutto, who campaigned for a decade to free Pakistan from military rule, has been forced to call out the army in Sind, her native province in southern

No one knows who is killing whom. Private armies, drug gangs and ethnic militias operate at will. Kidnappings, indiscriminate shootings and armed robbery are commonplace.

Critics and supporters agree a lasting solution depends on Bhutto's ability to make peace with an ethnic political movement that ment last year by withdrawing its

"Her long years of trials... have conditioned her to think invariably in terms of 'them' and largest cities of Sind province.

on condition of anonymity. "She has to stop playing party

politics. She has to stop acting merely as the leader of the Pakistan People's Party (PPP) and start being the prime minister of Pakistan. If she can't, she'll be

lucky to last six months."

If Bhutto fails, observers say, more than her 18-month-old civilian government will be in

Pakistan has spent more than half its 43 years under military rule and concern is growing that the army will feel it necessary to take over again.

At centre stage in the bloody drama are the Mohajirs, Muslim Indians who moved into Pakistan during the 1947 partition that nearly brought down her govern- ended British colonial rule of the subcontinent and made two na-

> Most of the Mohajirs settled in Karachi and Hyderabad, the two

They were poor and landless, but well-educated, and soon got the best jobs.

Although they make up only 6 per cent of Sind's 20 million people, they dominate the cities and control the labour unions of the highly industrialised region. Native Sindhis were increasingly shut out politically and econo-

mically, and their resentment led to street fighting. Violence increased in the early 1980s because of the "Kalash-

nikov and heroin culture," a reference to the automatic rifles that entered the country during the war in Afghanistan and the growth of the drug trade.

On May 27, now called "black" Sunday," police tried to flush out Mohajir militants holed up in the old walled section of Hyderabad. The operation turned into a bloodbath that cost 180 lives and set off a five-day wave of terror in Karachi that took nearly 200

Canadian leaders sign accord

OTTAWA (R) - After seven days of tense and exhausting talks, Canada's leaders have finally signed a constitutional accord that will make the French speaking province of Quebec a willing partner in confederation.

But the deal still hinges on approval from the provincial legislatures of Manitoba, New Brunswick and Newfoundland. Newfoundland Premier Clyde

Wells, who opposed special status for Quebec because he believes all provinces should be equal under the constitution, is the only remaining provincial leader still not satisfied with the accord.

"I am not approving of that accord," said Wells but added that he did not want to be the one man to block the deal. "The future of Canada may be at

"We must be generous enough to recognise Quebec is a distinct society but always, always, without exception remaining faithful to federalism," Wells said.

will leave it up to his cabinet and party caucus of the maritime province to decide whether to approve the so-called Meech Lake Accord by its June 23 legal deadline. Recent polls show that a

The Newfoundland premier

majority of Quebecers are prepared to separate from Canada if the accord is not passed.

. Quebec Premier Robert Bourassa said passage of the Meech Lake Accord would fully protect his province, which worries about its linguistic and cultural future in an overwhelmingly Englishspeaking North America.

"It's a great gain for Quebec elated Bourassa told reporters.

Hundreds of people gathered on the sidewalks outside the meeting ball and cheered when it was announced a deal had been struck. The first ministers have huddled since Sunday in marathon talks, divulging little about the process.

Bourassa did not appear worried that the Newfoundland legislature might yet block the deal. "I have great confidence Mr. Wells will do whatever is necessary to have Meech Lake ratified," he said.

Quebec refused to endorse Canada's 1982 constitution, which cut the country's last colonial ties with Britain, because it felt the document did not allow it to protect its language and cul-

The Meech Lake Accord. named after a government retreat in Quebec's Gatineau Hills, was

drafted in June, 1987, to address Quebec's concerns. It dies if not ratified by June 23.

As well as recognising Quebec as a distinct society, the accord gives more power to the provinces, allowing them more say over immigration and the selection of supreme-court judges.

Other provisions will begin the process of reforming the senate, da's upper hosue of parliament. The goal of many provinces is an elected senate with representation designed to give more power to the nation's less populous regions.

Currently, the senate is appointed and weighted in favour the populous provinces of Quebec and Ontario.

Bourassa was under intense pressure in his home province from nationalists not to compromise, but he said after the deal was announced that he had not given up anything.

Under the accord, Quebec and

the other provinces would have greater power to select immigrants from desired countries. Quebec, concerned over the low birth rate of its French-speaking population, believes attracting immigrants from French-speaking countries is vital to maintaining its identity.

Wanted: Layabouts. to simulate space travel

THE WOODLANDS, Texas (AP) — Help wanted. Baylor College of Medicine seeks 16 good sleepers to spend a month lying down. Salary is uncertain, but benefits include breakfast in bed - lunch and dinner, too. It sounds like a lazy person's dream, but there's a catch to the deal being offered by researchers David Cardus and Wesley McTaggart. When they say the sleepers will be confined to bed, they're not kidding. The people they select won't be allowed to get up for the entire month, and they'll spend part of their time spinning around in a space-age sleep chamber that looks like something straight out of a science-fiction movie.

Empire State to honour gays

NEW YORK (AP) — The top 30 floors of the Empire State build ing will be lit with lavender lights in honour of gay pride weekend later this month. The Gay and Lesbian Alliance Against Defamation (GLAAD) said it has lobbied the management of the 102-story-tall building for the past six years to have the landmark building illuminated in honour of their cause. "Everybody is going to look up that weekend (June 22-24), gay and straight, and they will see that New York City is recognising the existence of the gay and lesbian community," said. Fom Lynch, a member of GLAAD. Owners and managers of the building issued a statement. on the decision: "We are in total. agreement with ... leaders who seek to end the bigotry and discrimination directed against gay and lesbian New Yorkers. We hope our participating will help end the type of ignorance that breeds this mindless prejudice."

Echting between people dressed in police uniforms ware firing at local citizens in Osh and Uzbeks shich for no apparent reason. It sugsuited in the town of Osh last gested criminals wearing stolen Monday after an argument over uniforms were responsible. land allocation.

ated with officialdom.

The paper also accused Soviet and local party authorities of clared in Frunze Thursday after doing nothing to promote trust between Kirghiz and Uzbeks. demonstrators threw stones at Local Communist. Party offi-

cials Saturday issued a fresh appeal for calm as the death toll put by the Kirghiz Interior Ministry at 107 — continued to The border between Kirghizia

nalist said Frunze and Osh were returning to normal. On Saturday and Uzbekistan has been sealed to stop Uzbeks reaching Osh to militants in the Osh region had help their kinsmen. The Uzbek ent: said Thursday that the violence was spilling over into his trucks as tensions mounted republic and asked Moscow to The Soviet Interior Ministry intervene to prevent it becoming and officials in Osh Sunday de a full-scale conflict.

clined to give details of the latest In a separate development developments. Boris Yeltsin has staked out his territory as new Russian presi-The violence, some of the dent, offering an alternative to worst to hit the troubled Soviet Central Asian region over the last the Kremlin's tough economic two years, seems to have grown reform package and threatening into a dispute over wider issues. to take his case to the people if

with gunmen attacking both priconservatives block it. vate citizens and targets associ-Yeltsin, calm and confident, said his plan for moving towards a market economy differed from The army daily Krasnnaya that of Soviet Prime Minister Zvezda Sunday said groups of Nikolai Ryzhkov because it did not place the burden on the backs of hard-pressed workers.

> levers we can ensure that peoples" standards of living do not fall and indeed so should rise in time," he said in a television interview Saturday.

> where understanding cannot be reached, then I will go to the people. I will go to the electo-

Yeltsin also asked coal miners strike to show restraint.

have called for a mass sell-off of

ish anti-terrorist police chief said Sunday he believed Irish guerrillas planted a bomb which exploded at a British army unit Saturday night injuring 17 young By using different economic Detective Chief Superintendent Derek Willison told a news conference the explosion, which

"If there is ever a critical point

who have been threatening to

Though his economic programme has not been published, refor-

state assets instead of the government's proposed steep price increases on food and other goods. **East Germany predicts Warsaw**

Pact military breakup this year WEST BERLIN (AP) — East with their counterparts from the Germany's defence minister has two German states. The delepredicted the breakup of the Warsaw Pact's military structures this year, a newspaper said

Saturday. The prediction from Rainer Eppelmann is one of the most radical statements to date from a member of the Soviet-led military alliance.

During a meeting in Moscow Thursday, the Warsaw Pact members issued a declaration designed to reduce Moscow's influence over the alliance.

In other developments Saturday:

- Experts from the United States, the Soviet Union, France and Britain met in East Berlin bership for the joined countries.

RANGOON (R) — The smartly

dressed Burmese woman ignored

the monsoon rain bouncing off the

thatched roof into her bair and

husband, an election candidate,

in the early hours of the eve of

the poil and she has had no news

"I feel so helpless and insecure.

I haven't heard anything," the

50-year-old former university lec-

still in force. Citizens are still

hauled in for questioning. Stu-

dent groups are still compiling

lists of more than 1,000 comrades

of him since.

Soldiers with guns took her

wrung her hands in despair.

two German states. The delegates from the six nations are preparing the second round of top-level German unification talks, scheduled for June 22 in the East German capital.

- West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl returned from a visit to the United States, after expressing confidence that international talks on German unification can be wrapped up by the

Those talks have become snagged on the question of the military status of a united Germany, but Western leaders are hoping for a change in the Kremlin's stance against NATO mem-

the army's brutal crushing of pro-

Added to the daily drudge of

scratching an income, every civi-

lian must live in fear of being

snatched from home, video-par-

lour or tea-shop by the military.

In late April up to 1,000 youths

were rounded up in board day-

light in eastern Shan state and

shipped off as army porters to

insurgent zones in Kayah state, a

from "endangering the state" to

duplicating photographs of

opposition beroine Aung San Suu

Kvi . herself under house arrest

who died or disappeared during for the past 11 months.

At the same time, the Sovietled Warsaw Pact is facing massive changes, now that the countries that once unfailingly followed the Soviet line are showing greater independence.

Czechoslovakia and Hungary, for example, have secured promises of the pullout of large numbers of Soviet troops. Eppelmann, in an interview

with West Berlin's Morgenpost daily newspaper Saturday, painted an extremely bleak picture for the Warsaw Pact.

In this year, the complete military structures of the Warsaw Pact will be abolished, including the ioint supreme command," the newspaper quoted Eppelmann as

He said some people began screaming after the blast but most remained calm. Mistrust of Moscow eases in South East Asia

Gray said.

JAKARTA (AP) - When the Soviet airline Aeroflot resumes

Burmese still face horror of jail, torture or disappearance

· Visitors and former inmates of Insein Jail, Burma's largest and most feared prison, say it is packed with leaders, members, candidates and supporters of the election winners, the National League for Democracy.

One recent visitor said there were more than 1,000 political prisoners in the jail. The visitor, who asked not to be identified. said they included five senior Democracy League members including party Chairman Tin Oo, sentenced last December to three years hard labour.

While prominent dissidents are spared physical maltreatment. students and other inmates say they themselves were tortured as a matter of routine. They say

on his first day in prison he was blindfolded and beaten by several people. The next day they used a candle to burn his genitals and pressed lit cigarettes against his

donesian Foreign Minister Mochtar Kusumaatmadja was typical: "It is a good beginning but there

service to Indonesia next month, it will be the latest milestone in improved relations between Moscow and South East Asian na-

Flights between Moscow and Jakarta were stopped in 1982 after two Soviet diplomats and the head of the local Aeroflot office were expelled on espionage charges. Soviet relations with much of

the region were equally sour in those days. Malaysia ousted three Soviet diplomats in 1981 after they were accused of espionage. A year

later, Singapore expelled a Soviet diplomat and a shipyard technician as spies. Soviet warships and planes ranged from old U.S. bases in Vietnam and Moscow's military

aid sustained Vietnam's occupation of Cambodia. Nor did it help that Soviet troops were fighting in Afghanistan and posted along the border with China. And relations with Japan were strained because the Soviets still held onto the Kurile Islands which they took late in

World War II. Suspicions remained ever after July 1986 speech by President Mikhail Gorbachev in Vladivostok in which he promised that the Kremlin would mend its ways in the region.

The reaction from then In-

is a long way to go."

Events since have swept away old perceptions of the Soviet Union. In announcing a policy shift last

month, Malaysian Foreign Minister Abu Hassan Omar told the International Affairs Forum in Kuala Lumpur that Gorbachev's reforms turned Moscow's presence in the region from "offensive" to not particularly thre-

and diplomatic efforts to solve the Cambodian conflict encouraged some. The promise that the Soviet military presence in Vietnam would be wound down was particularly welcomed. The Soviet Union's most recent

Withdrawal from Afghanistan

rapprochement with an Asian country came early this week when Gorbachev met with South Korean President Roh Tae-Woo in San Francisco. Afterwards, Roh told repor-ters the two countries would

establish diplomatic ties, but Gorbachev was vague on the "The Soviets are already in the process of unilaterally drawing

down their offensive capabilities

in Danang and Can Ranh Bay," Abu Hassan said. "My assessment is that the Soviet Union will now be more

peaceful and stable international environment to pursue reform and economic development at

home," he said. Diplomatic analysts said most of the change of perception came in the last six months, as Gorbachev did not intervene while Communist regimes fell in Eastem Europe.

While the political image of the Soviet Union has improved dramatically, its quest for greater trade and investment has been less successful. Japan and the United States

dominate commerce in the Pacific

basin. The Soviets also have to

overcome perceptions that their

manufactured goods and services are shoddy and payments are The Soviet Union's application to join the United States, Japan, Canada, Australia, New Zealand and the European Community as a "dialogue partner" with.

ASEAN was rejected last year. ASEAN, the Association of South East Asian Nations, links Brunei, Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines, Singapore and Thailand to promote regional econo-

mic cooperation. ASEAN officials said Moscow was told to reapply later when its economic presence in the region was stronger. The same response was given to a Soviet request to take part in the new and larger inward looking and will require a Asia-Pacific Economic Coopera-

tion Forum. "We look forward to the Soviet Union participating in the rapid growth of this region," said Singapore Prime Minister Lee Kuan

Yew, a stalwart anti-Communist. Western diplomats say that within ASEAN, the Soviet Union has set its sights on developing the closest ties with President Suharto's rigorously anti-Communist administration in Jakarta. With a population of 178 mil-

lion. Indonesia offers a huge but relatively un-exploited market. In some ways, this marks a return to policies of the 1950s and 1960s under Soviet Premier Nikita Khruschev, when Indonesia and not Vietnam was considered the key to the region.

Suharto paid what is regarded in Jakarta as a highly successful visit to Moscow last September. Since then, Indonesian ports have been reopened to Soviet shipping and restrictions eased on entry by Soviet citizens.

Mirza Olim Ibragimov, president of the Soviet Republic of Uzbekistan, was the highest ranking Soviet official to visit Jakarta in 25 years when he visited in January.

Now travel to the area for Soviets will be easier, With the espionage in the past, Aeroflot executives are looking for office space and getting ready to resume the 12-hour flight from Moscow to Jakarta

turer said. Burma, one of Asia's poorest Burmese themselves recount and most secretive countries, is experiences of arbitrary detenstill locked in the twilight world tion, beating and torture. Relaof army rule despite the oppositives say family members have tion's overwhelming victory in simply disappeared. lest month's elections. Human-rights groups and di-As opposition leaders manplomats say thousands of dissiocuvre for a peaceful transfer of dents are still in jail. Some have some victims died. Kyat Koe, 20, a student from Rangoon's Dagon township, said power, the horror of two years or been sentenced for up to 20 years passive resistance to military conor death, others have not been troi remains. The jails are still full of political prisoners. A six-hour curfew is Their alleged crimes range

diplomat said.

